

Phylogenetic and photo-physiological characterization of newly isolated diatoms from the Ross Sea (Antarctica)

Hedy M. Aardema¹

Anne-Carlijn Alderkamp², Laura Z. Filliger³, Bethany D. Jenkins³

Supported by NSF



¹ **University of Groningen**
The Netherlands



² **Stanford University**
USA

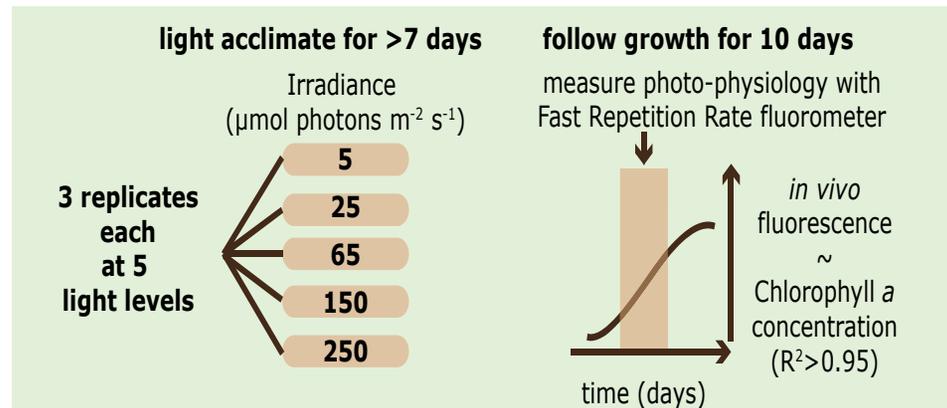


³ **University of Rhode Island**
USA

Identify isolates

- Sequence two rDNA regions: V4 and internal transcribed spacer (ITS)
- Compare sequence to NCBI BLAST database for identification

Photo-physiological characterization



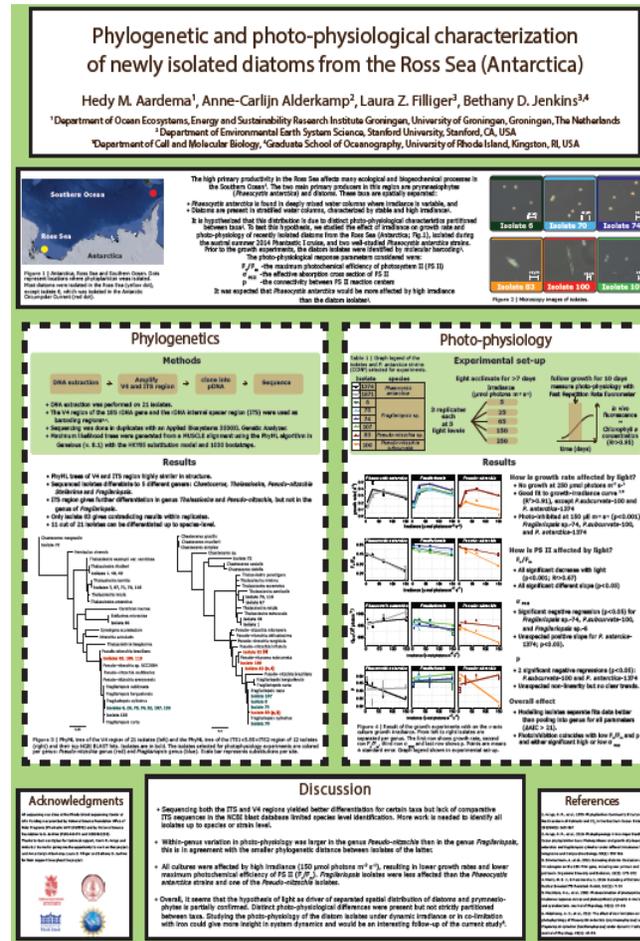
- Compare six diatom isolates to two *Phaeocystis antarctica* strains
- Photo-physiological parameters:
 - F_v/F_m -the maximum photochemical efficiency of photosystem II (PS II)
 - σ_{PSII} -the effective absorption cross section of PS II
 - p -the connectivity between PS II reaction centers



Are there differences in photo-physiology between diatom isolates?

How do they compare to *Phaeocystis antarctica*?

How does this relate to spatial distribution in the Ross Sea?



Characterizing Southern Ocean diatom community composition

Laura Filliger (funded by NSF GRFP)

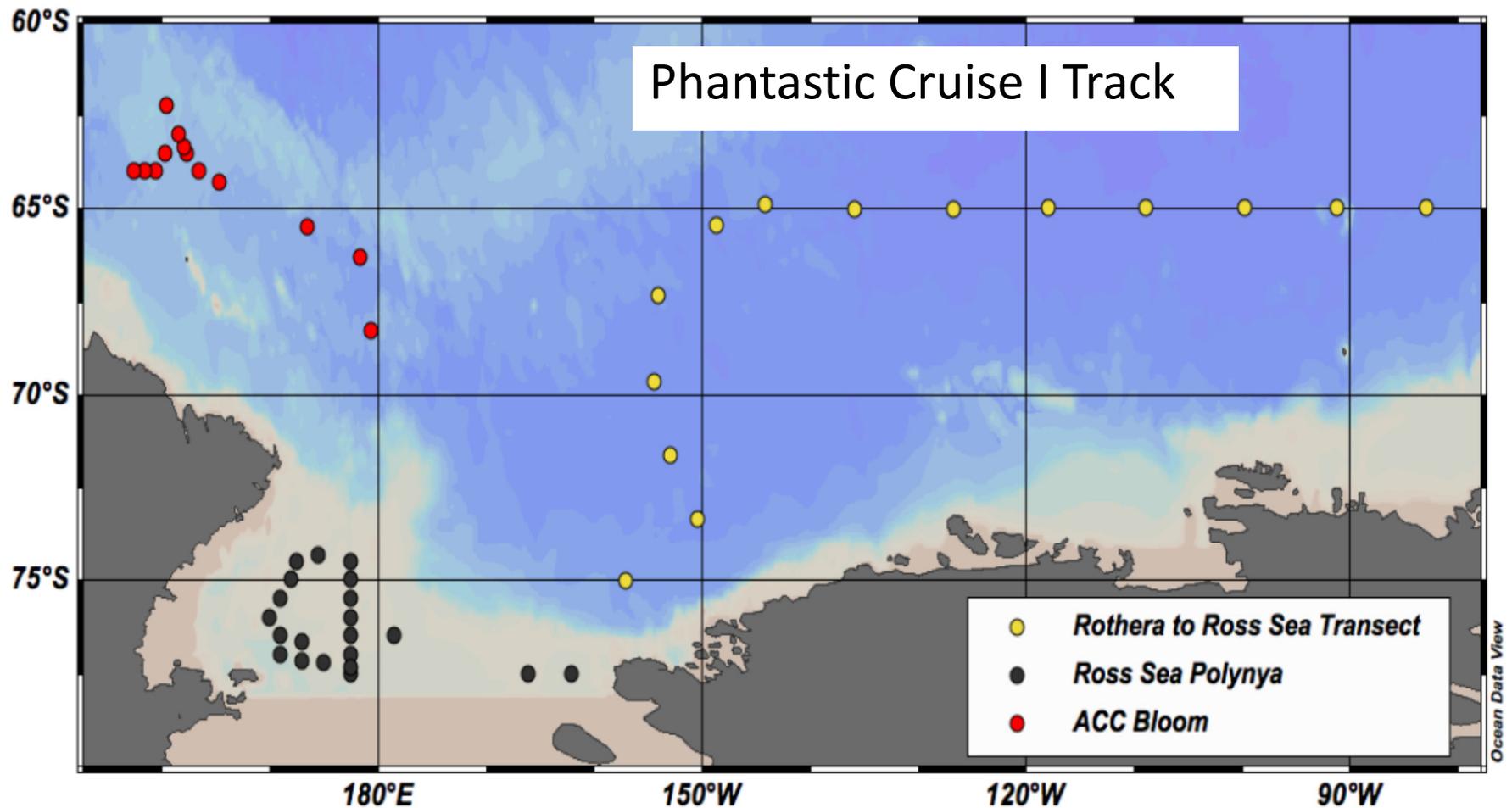
University of Rhode Island, Graduate Student – Jenkins lab

**Collaboration with Kevin Arrigo's (Stanford) and Anton Post's
(MBL/URI) labs**

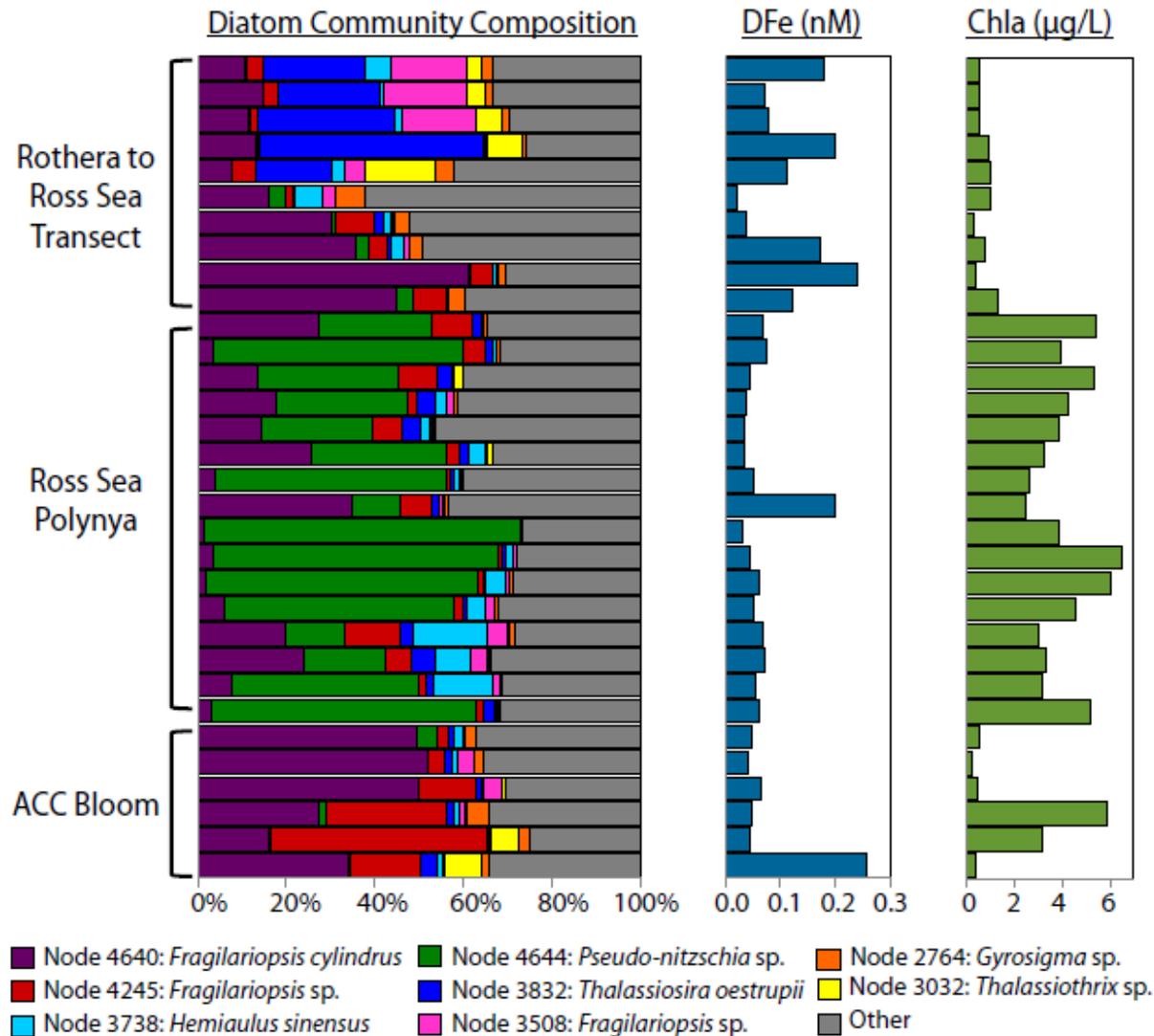
Funded by NSF



- Can we differentiate Fe stress response in SO diatoms?
- Established culture collection of ~300 isolates to develop ecologically relevant laboratory models



- Characterized *in situ* diatom community composition across regions of varying Fe levels



- Matched diatoms in our collection to dominant taxa



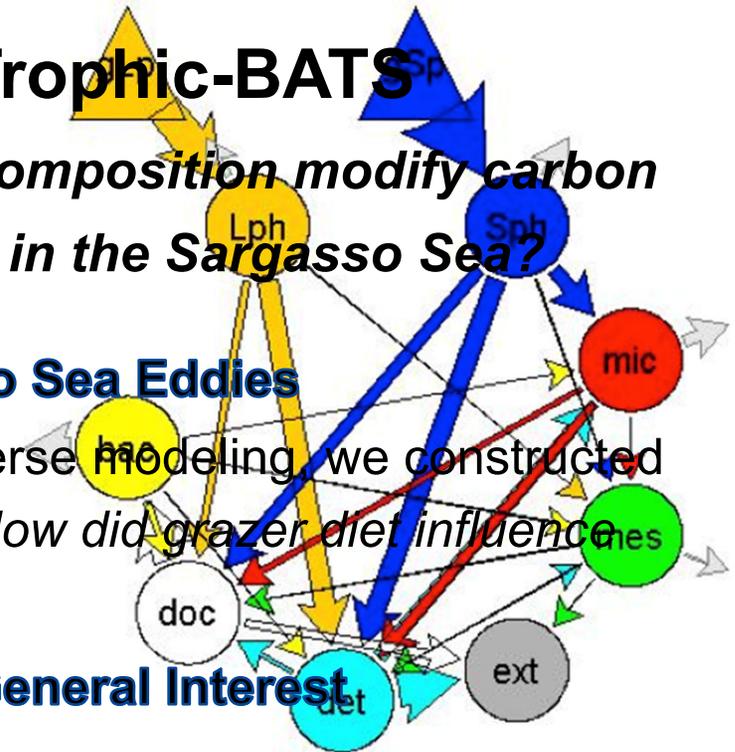
4 cruises in Sargasso Sea: Trophic-BATS

How does planktonic community composition modify carbon export from the euphotic zone in the Sargasso Sea?

Planktonic Food Webs in Two Sargasso Sea Eddies

Combining *in situ* measurements and inverse modeling, we constructed food webs in two Sargasso Sea eddies. *How did grazer diet influence carbon export?*

Come find out today! Section: General Interest



1 cruise along Labrador - Sargasso Sea transect: Dimensions of Biodiversity

How is productivity partitioned among the three main groups of picophytoplankton along a nutrient/productivity gradient?



Bridget Bachman
PhD Candidate
Adviser: Tammi Richardson
University of South Carolina

Who is there? What are they doing?

- **Future research interests:**

- To combine omic tools with rate measurements to investigate how diversity within communities impacts functional diversity in oligotrophic waters.

- **Photophysiology**



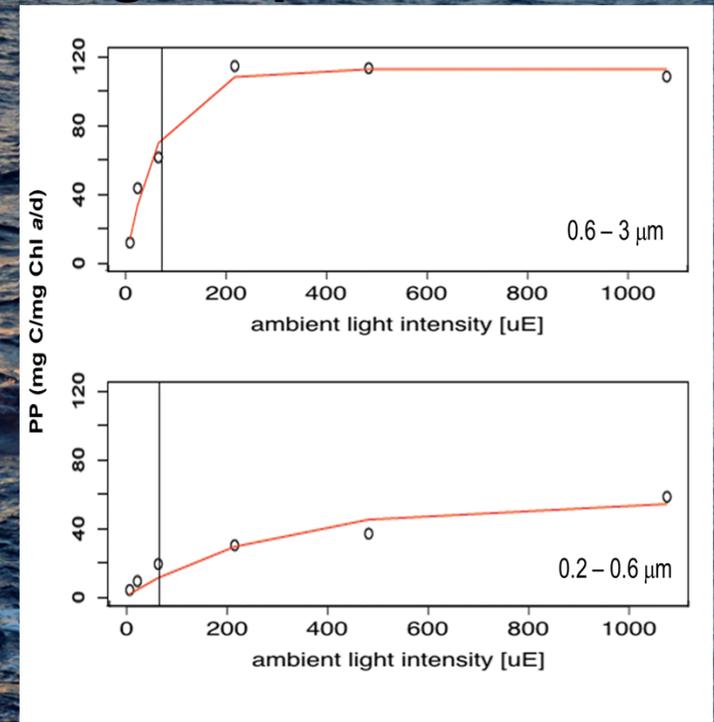
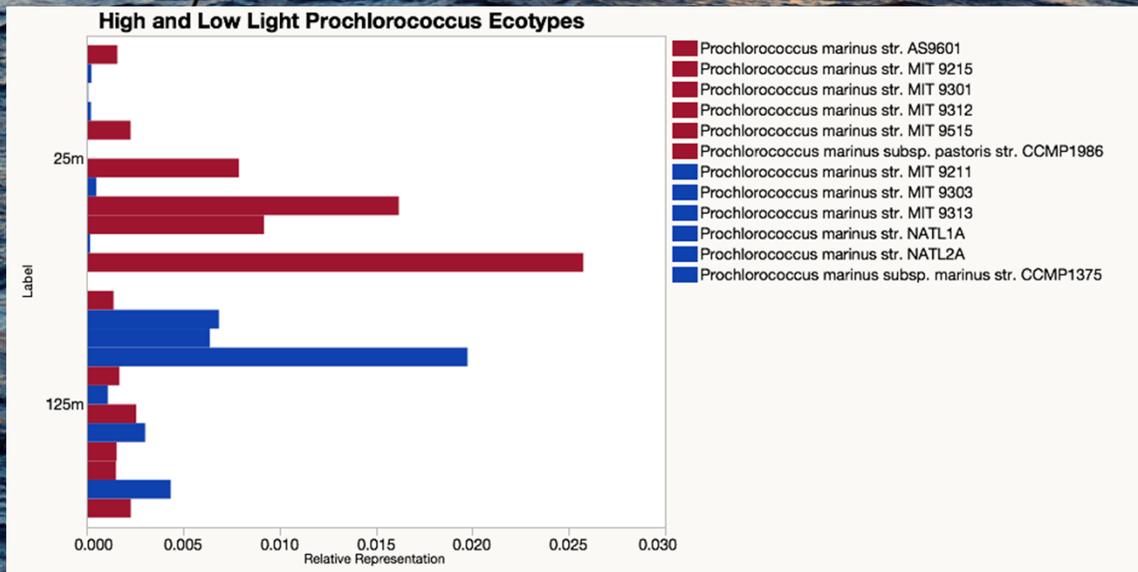
Bridget Bachman
PhD Candidate
Adviser: Tammi Richardson
University of South Carolina



Who is there? What are they doing?

- **Future research interests:**

- To combine omic tools with rate measurements to investigate how diversity within communities impacts functional diversity in oligotrophic waters.



Data from C-MORE 2015 summer course



Bridget Bachman
PhD Candidate
Adviser: Tammi Richardson
University of South Carolina



July 29, 2015



**Dissolved oxygen concentration at the
PAP site: resolving O₂ annual dynamics
at an eddy rich site in the temperate
North Atlantic using Seagliders**

Umberto Binetti

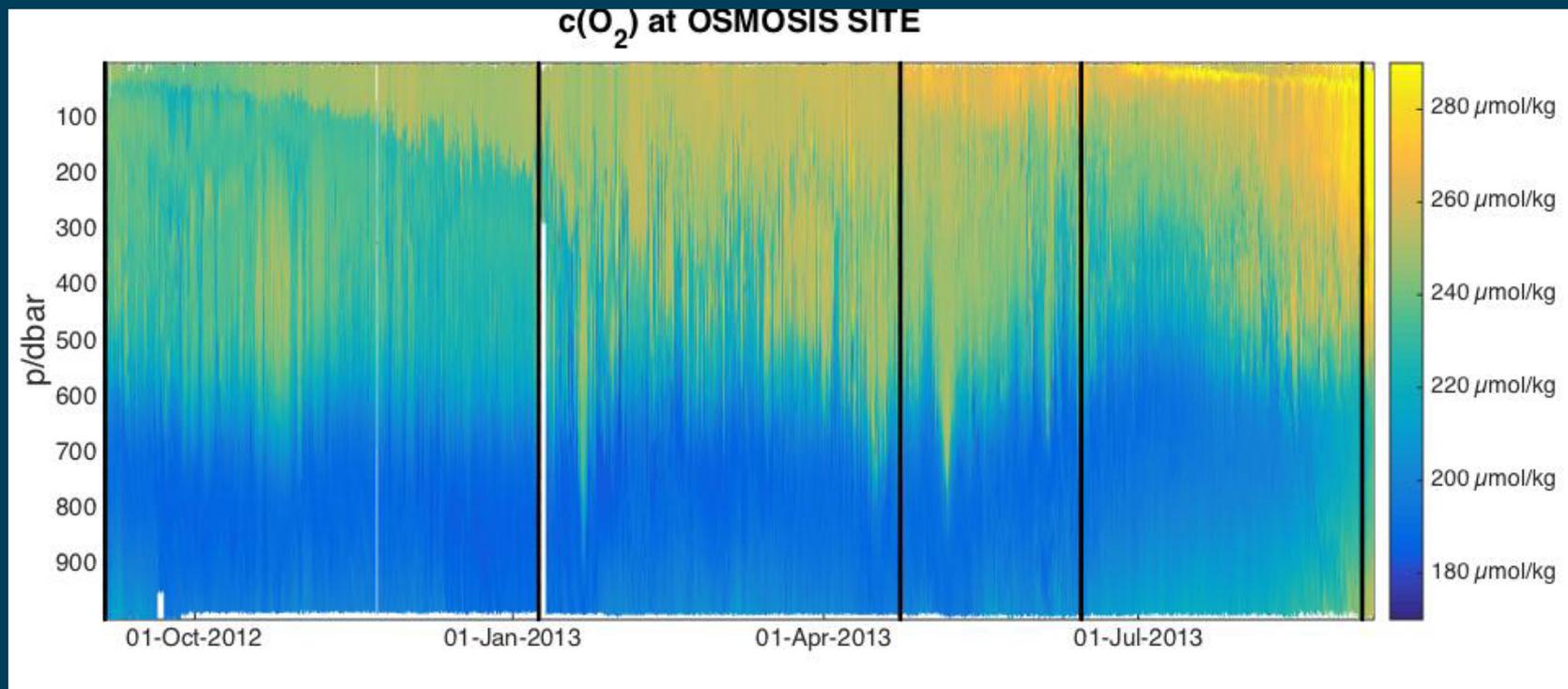
University of East Anglia

Centre for Ocean and Atmospheric Sciences

School of Environmental Sciences

Norwich, UK

C(O₂) at OSMOSIS site Sep 2012 – Sep 2013



SG566

SG502

SG566

D381

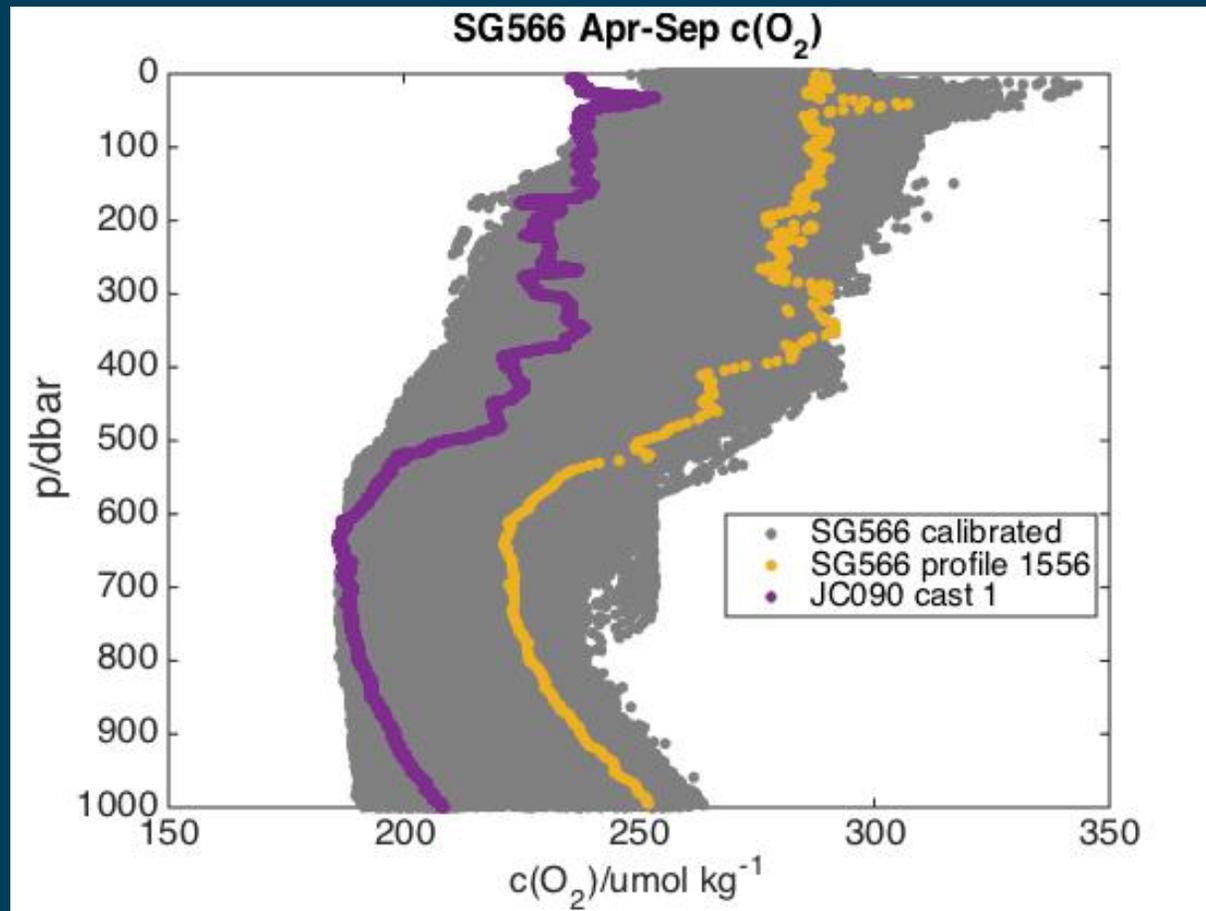
CE13001

JC085

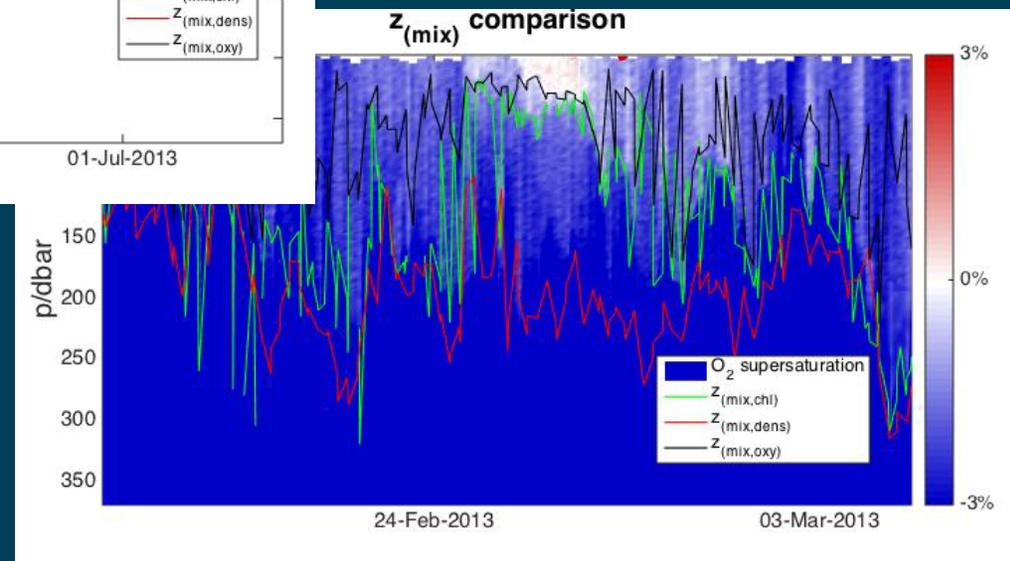
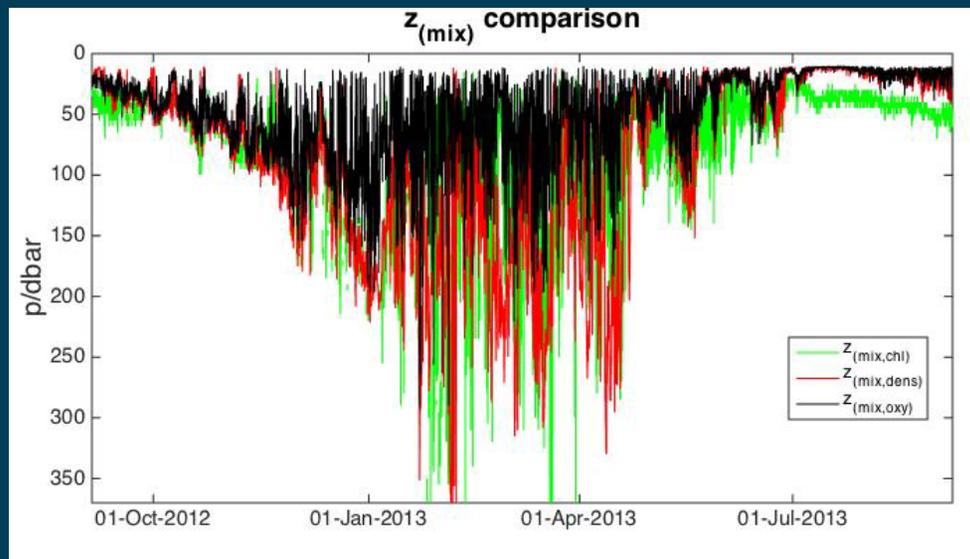
JC087

JC090

C(O₂) at OSMOSIS site Sep 2012 – Sep 2013



Mixed layer – Mixing layer



July 29, 2015

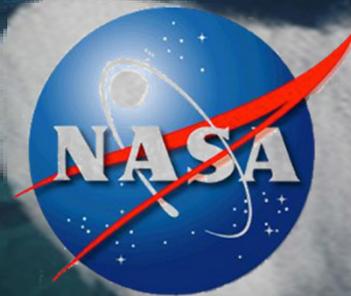
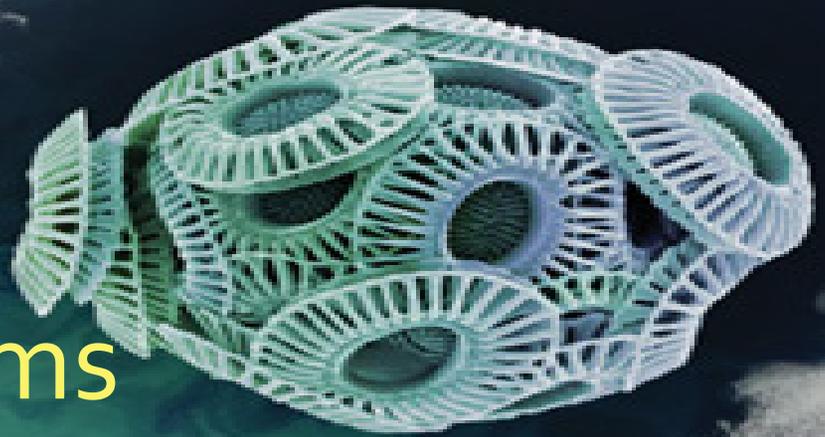


Thanks for your attention

Physical processes governing phytoplankton blooms in the Southern Ocean

Magdalena Carranza

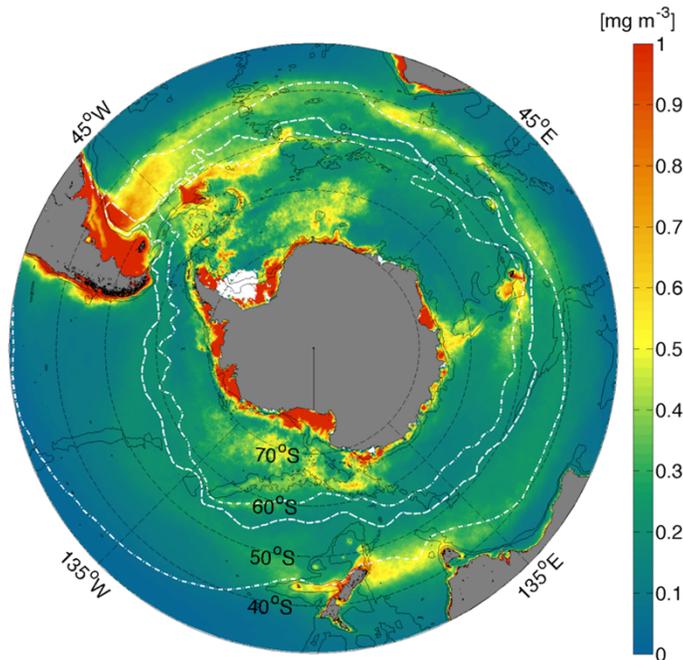
Advisor: Sarah Gille



*Scripps Institution of Oceanography
California, USA*

Physical controls on Chl-a variability: a satellite perspective

Summer Chl-a



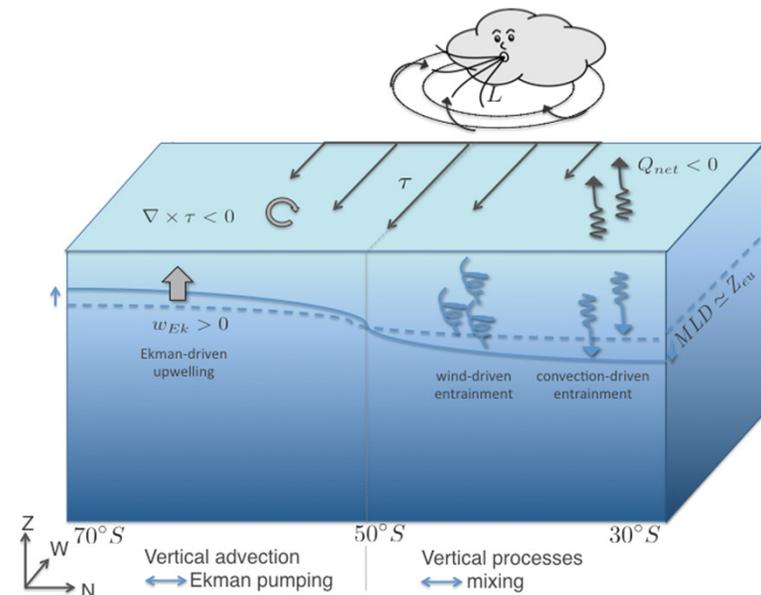
Focus on atmospheric synoptic

storm scales:
< 10 days, > 700 km

Atmospheric forcing:

- Mixed-layer depth (MLD) deepening
- Ekman Pumping

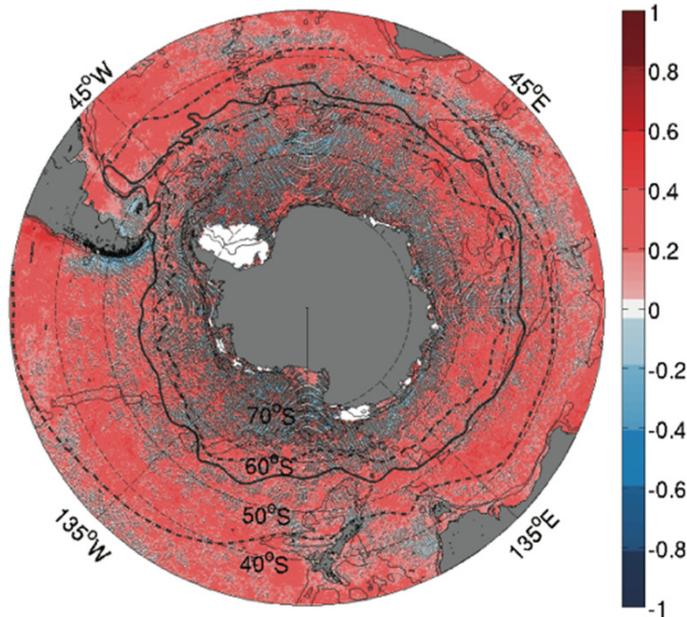
$$w_e(-h) \sim \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + w_{Ek}(-h)$$



- ✓ Carranza and Gille (2015). "Southern Ocean wind-driven entrainment enhances satellite chlorophyll-a through the summer", JGR

Physical controls on Chl-a variability: a satellite perspective

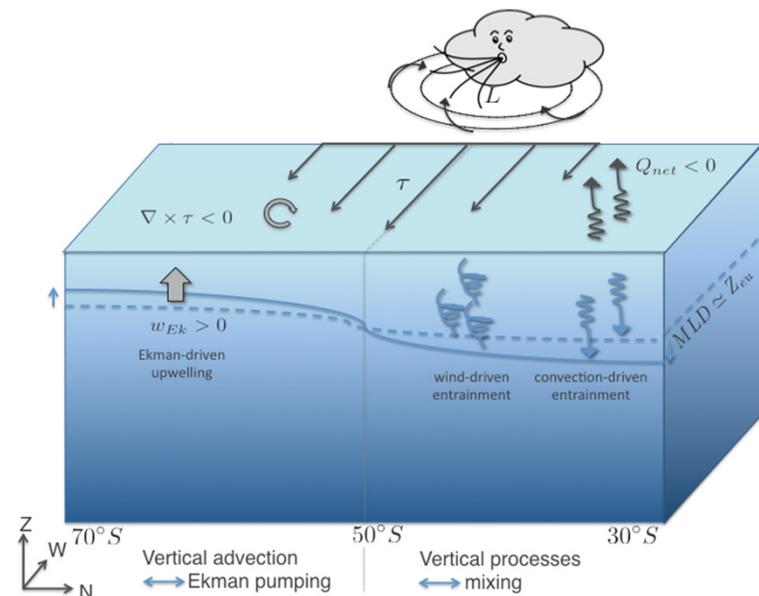
Wind speed vs Chl-a



Atmospheric forcing:

- Mixed-layer depth (MLD) deepening
- Ekman Pumping

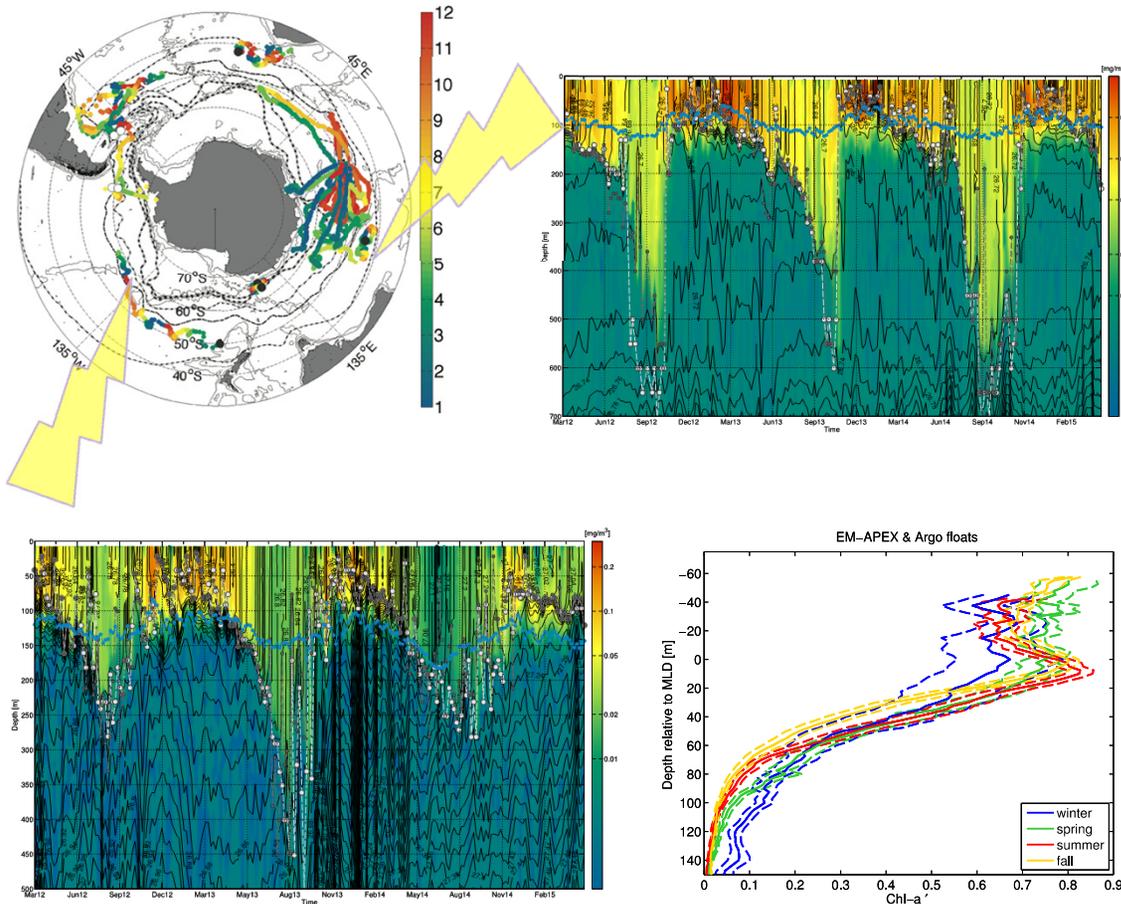
$$w_e(-h) \sim \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + w_{Ek}(-h)$$



- High winds enhance satellite Chl-a

- ✓ Carranza and Gille (2015). "Southern Ocean wind-driven entrainment enhances satellite chlorophyll-a through the summer", JGR

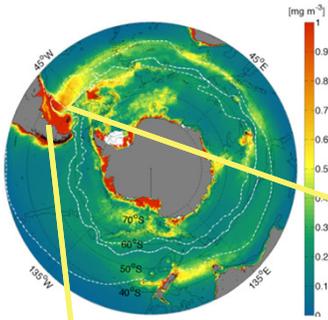
Vertical structure of Chl-a profiles: from floats and elephant-seal data



- Surface Chl-a is a good proxy for Chl-a content in the euphotic zone (ZEU), but poorly represent Chl-a within the mixed layer (MLD)

- Subsurface blooms are not uncommon and they are found close to the MLD

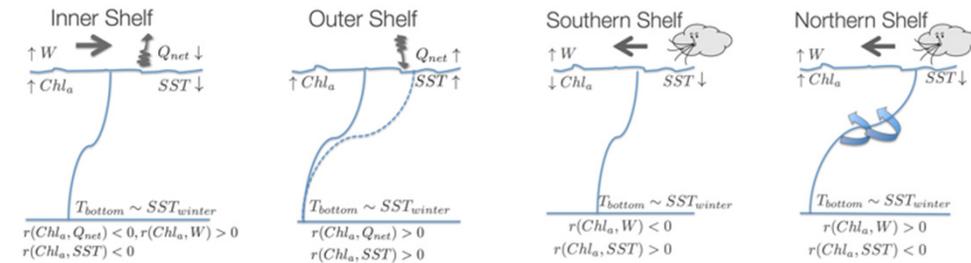
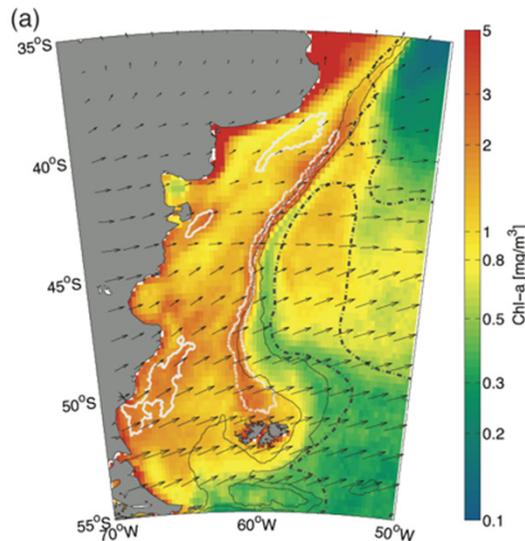
✓ Carranza et al. (2015). "Mixed-layer depth, euphotic depth and Chl-a variability in the Southern Ocean", in review for *Journal of Marine Sciences*



Case study: Patagonian shelf

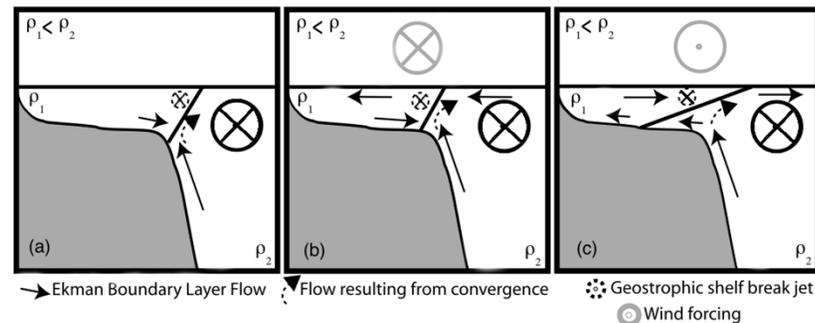
Role of the atmospheric forcing in setting up stratification and mixing:

Spring vs Summer



Wind-front interaction at the shelf-break front:

- Wind modulation of upwelling at the shelf-break front off Patagonia

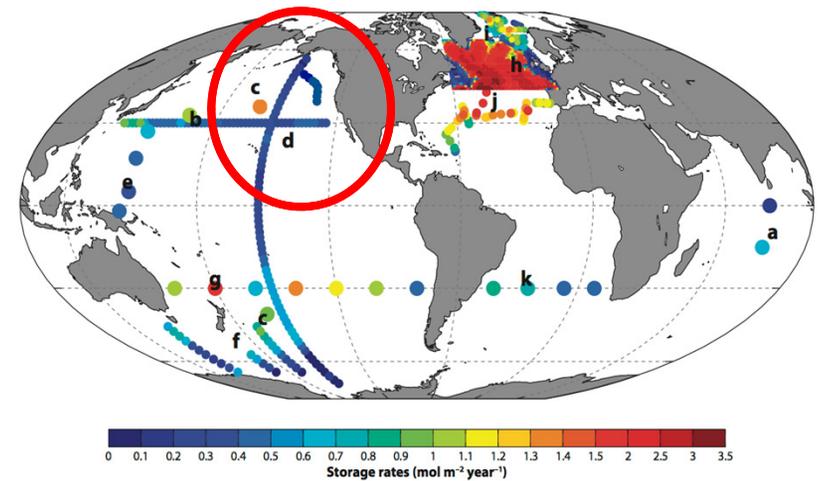
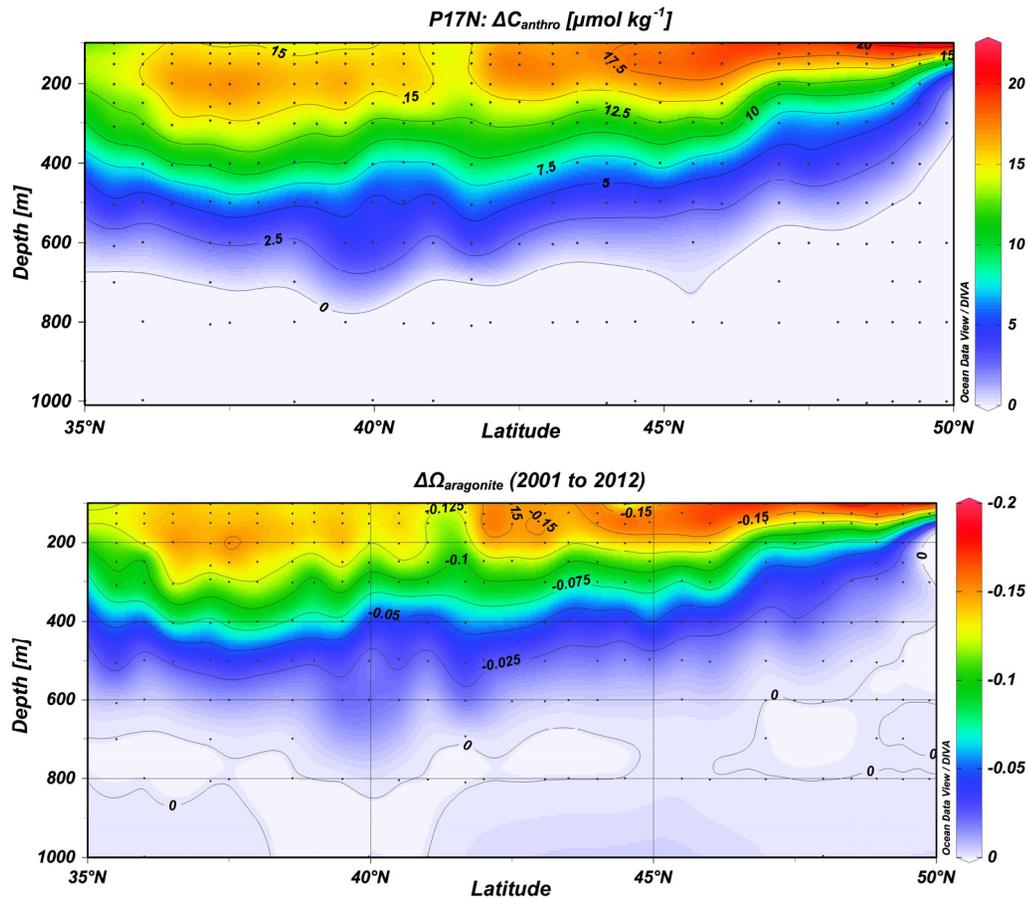


modified for the SH from Siedlecki et al. (2011)

- ✓ Carranza et al. "Wind modulation of upwelling at the shelf-break front off Patagonia", in preparation

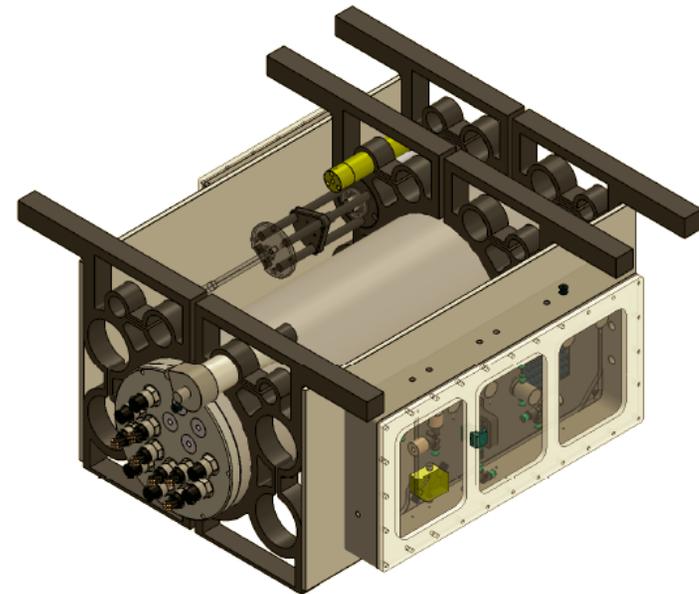
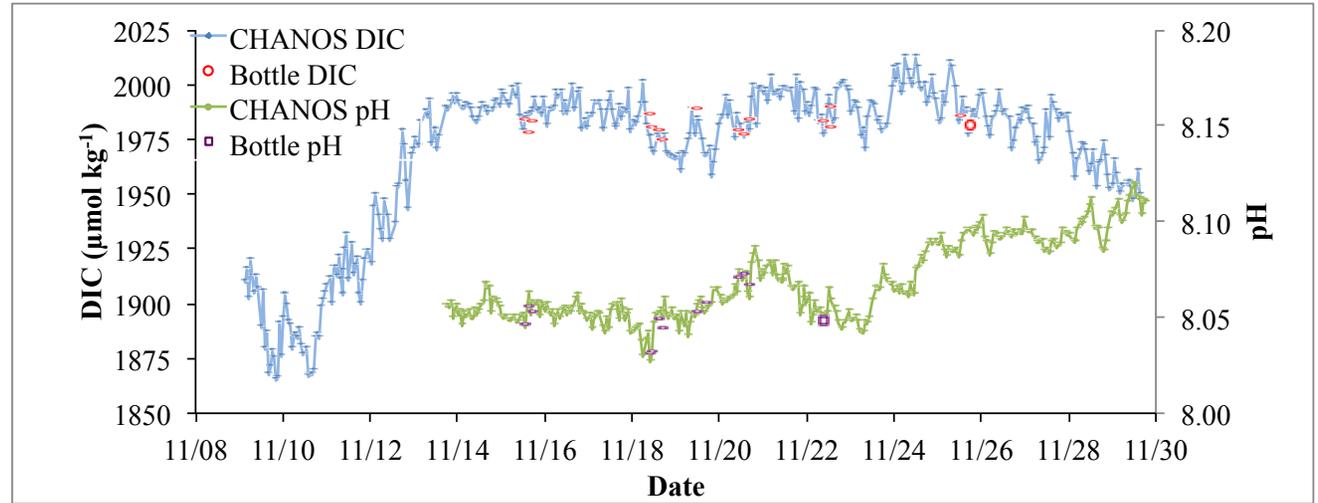
Sophie Chu PhD candidate MIT-WHOI JP

Estimating the change in anthropogenic CO₂ storage in the Northeast Pacific using eMLR

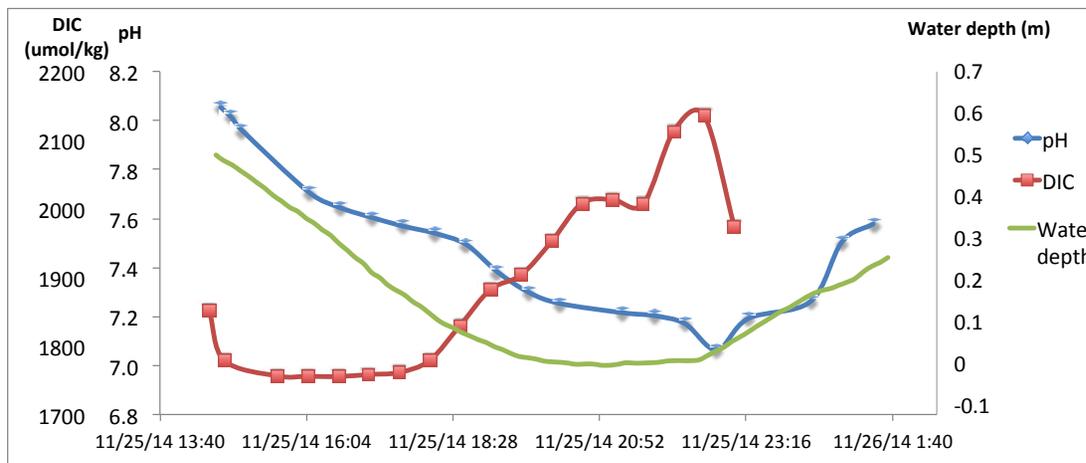
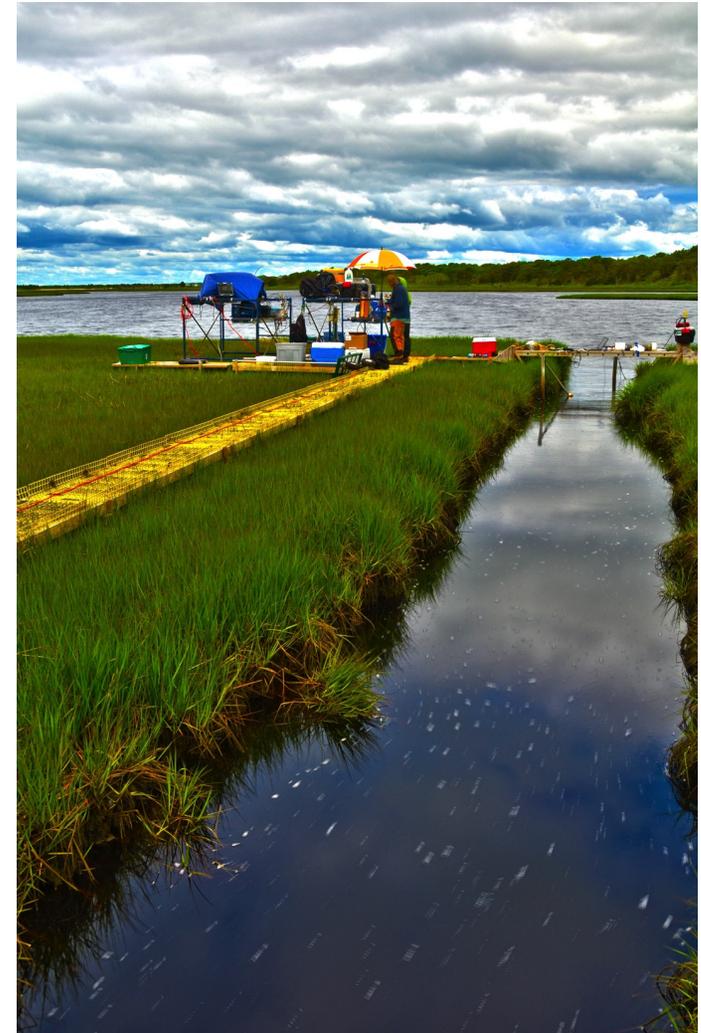
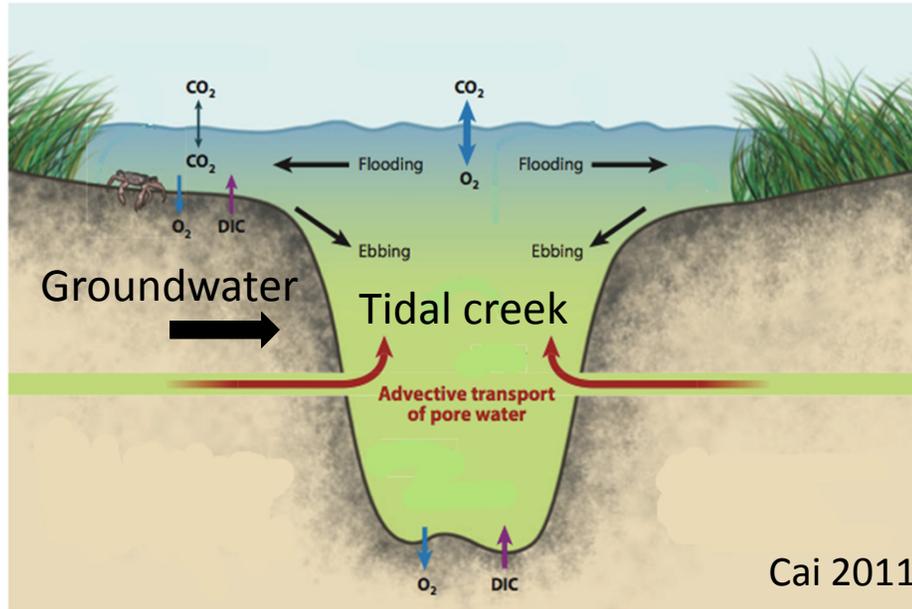


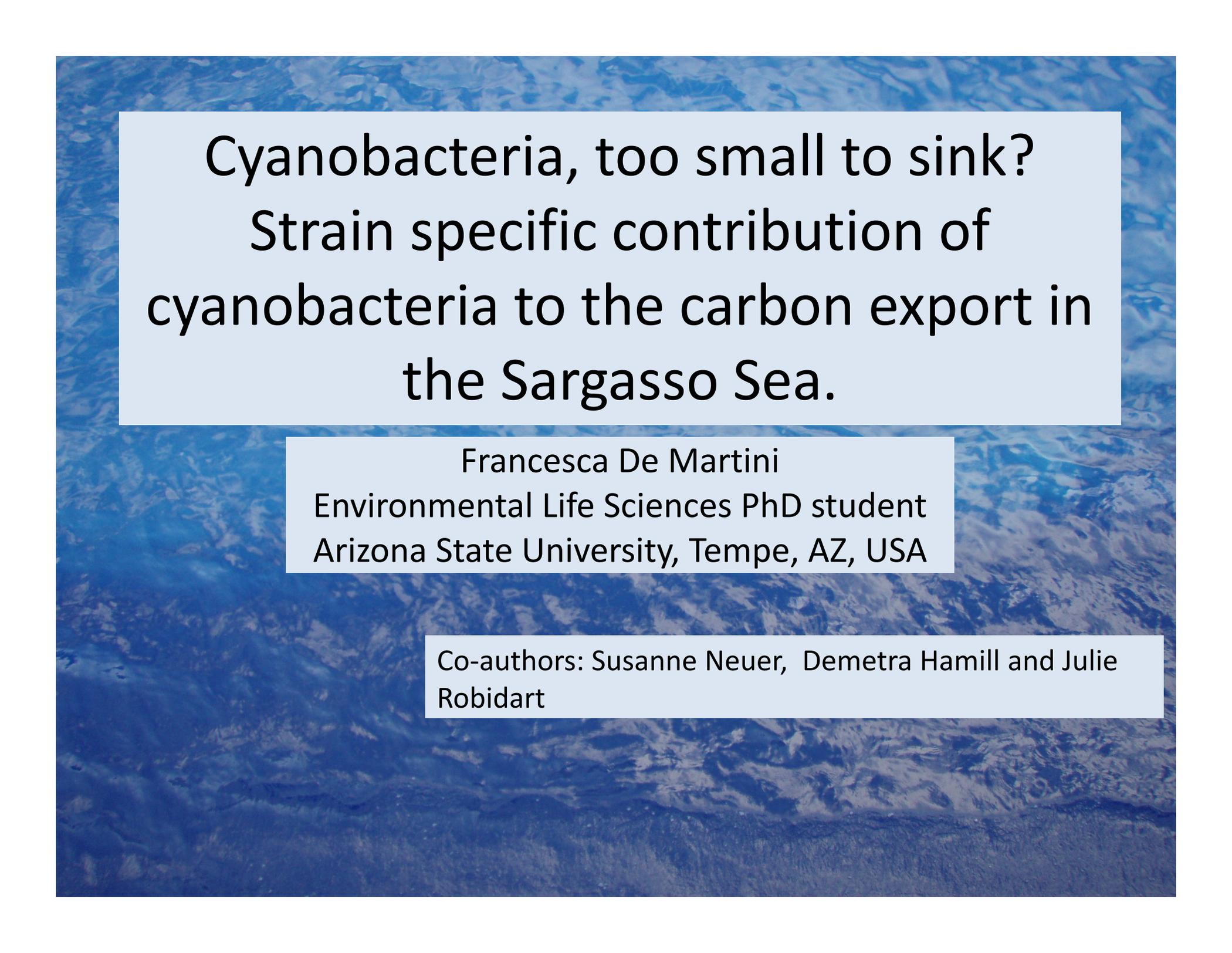
Sabine and Tanhua 2010

CHANnelized Optical Sensor (CHANOS) simultaneously measures DIC and pH at high- resolution



Accurately quantify inorganic carbon and alkalinity fluxes export fluxes from an intertidal salt marsh

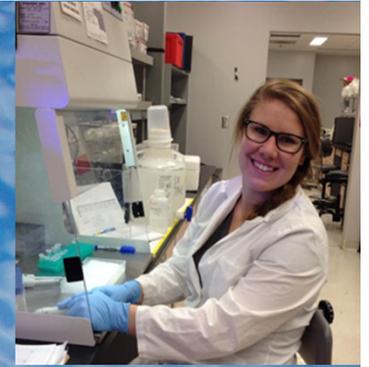
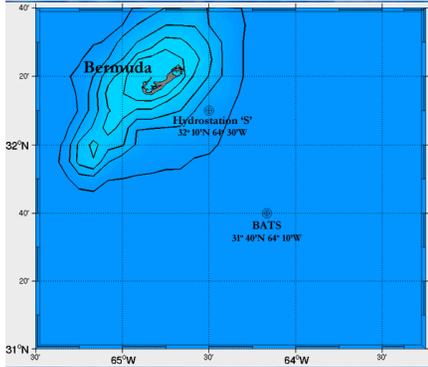


The background of the slide is an aerial photograph of the Sargasso Sea, showing a vast expanse of blue water with intricate, swirling patterns of white and light blue, likely due to ocean currents and wind. The text is overlaid on this background in white boxes.

Cyanobacteria, too small to sink? Strain specific contribution of cyanobacteria to the carbon export in the Sargasso Sea.

Francesca De Martini
Environmental Life Sciences PhD student
Arizona State University, Tempe, AZ, USA

Co-authors: Susanne Neuer, Demetra Hamill and Julie Robidart



We sampled the euphotic zone and sinking particles (150m particle traps)



We targeted specific clades of *Synechococcus* and *Prochlorococcus* using qPCR in two different seasons (late winter and summer) 2012



1) The export of the different strains of *Synechococcus* was positively related to their abundance in the water column, higher in spring (~18% of total POC flux) than during the summer (~2% of total POC flux).

2) The export of the *Prochlorococcus* community was always low (< 1% of total POC flux), independently of their abundance in the water column

Recent changes in Southern Ocean biogeochemistry and biogeography

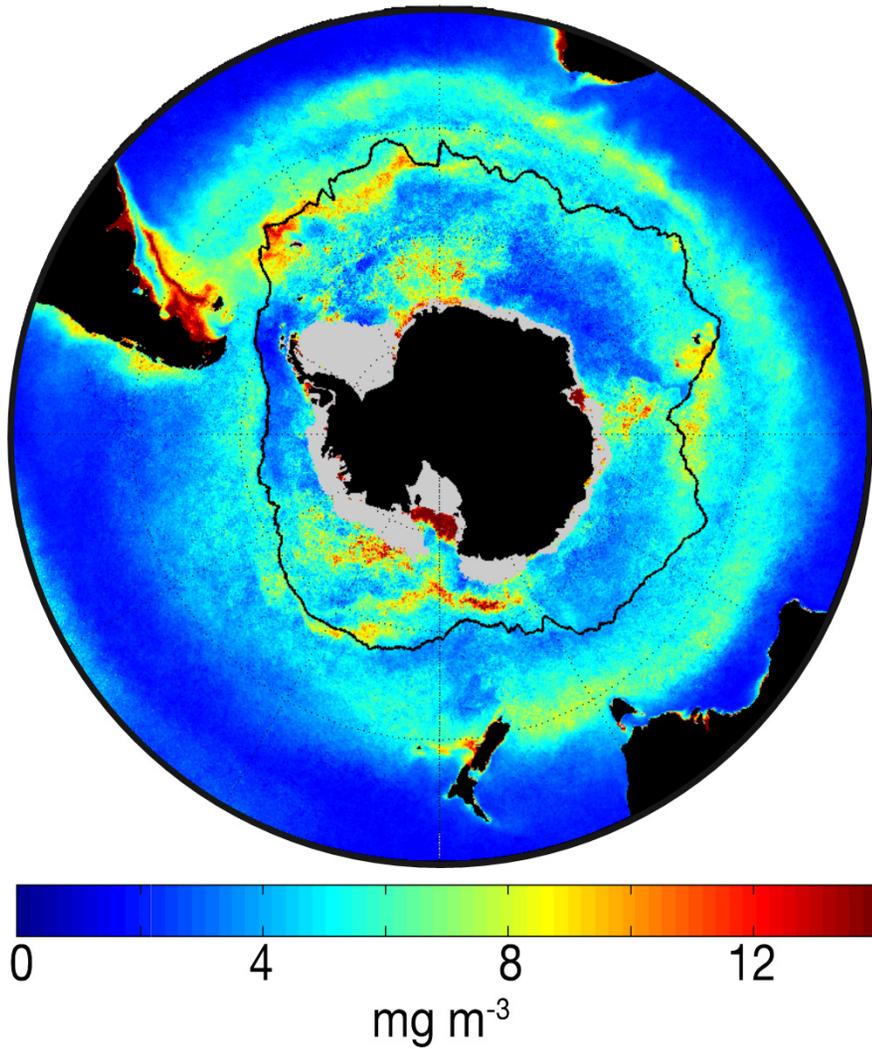
Natalie Freeman

University of Colorado at Boulder

Department of Atmospheric and Oceanic Sciences

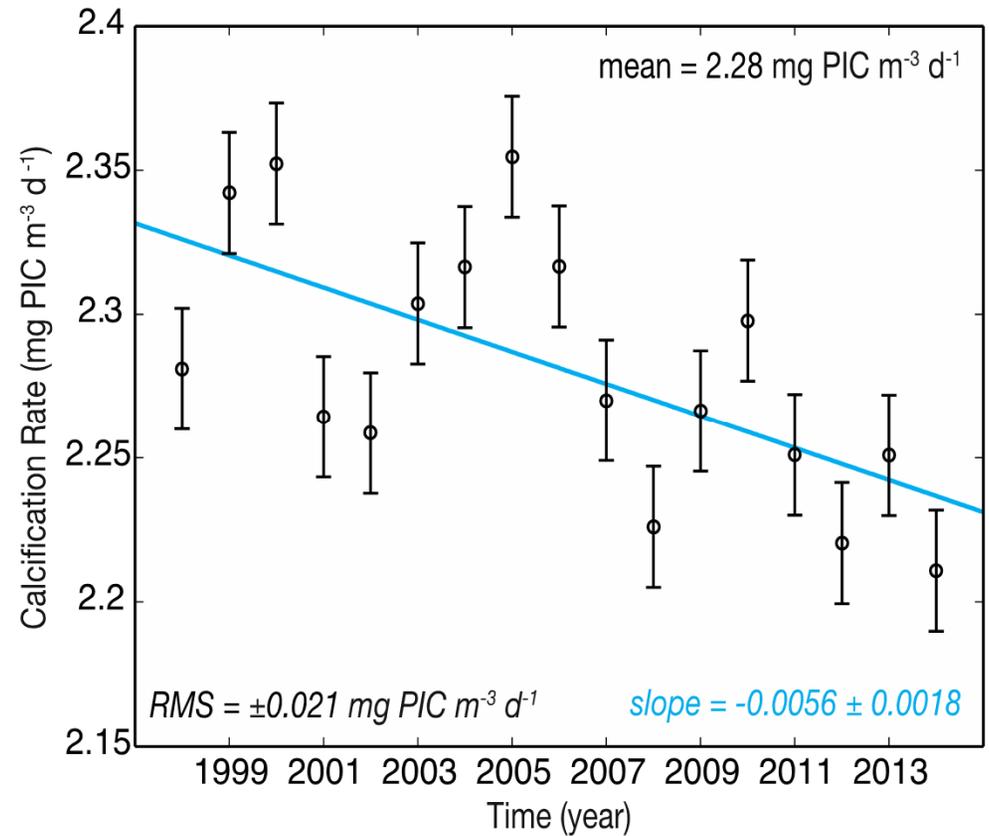
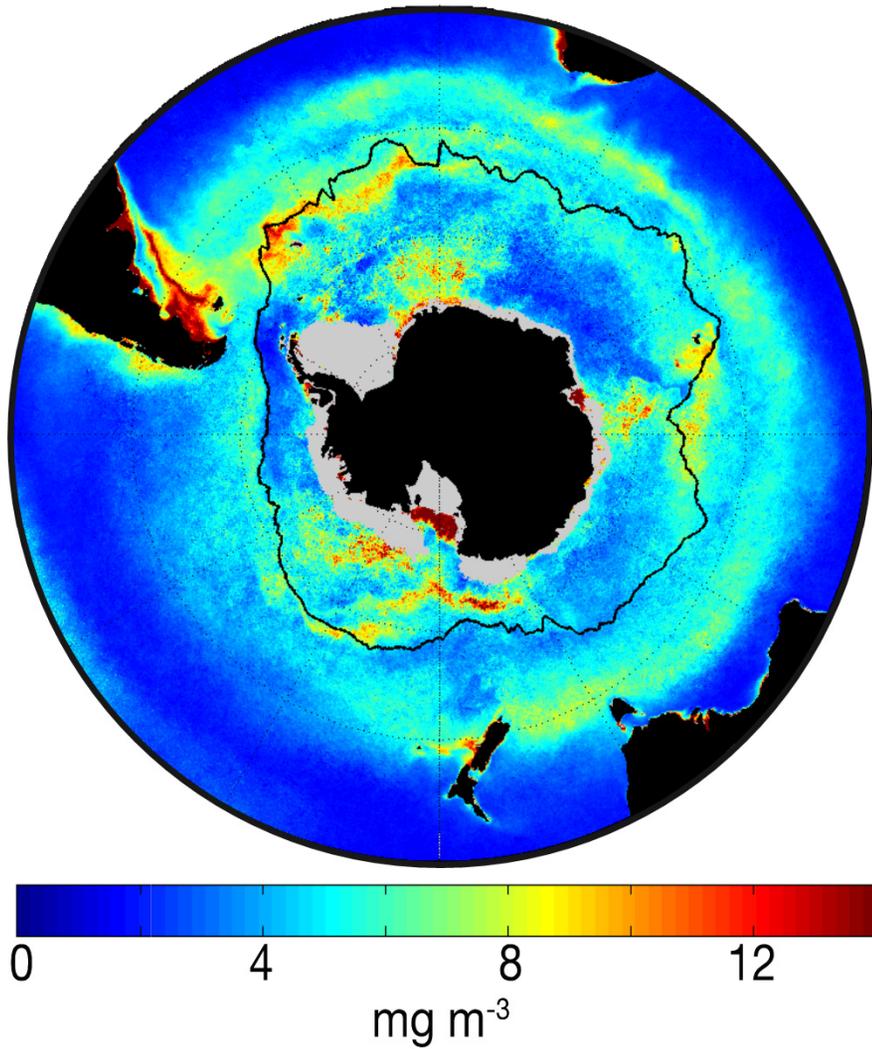
Institute of Arctic and Alpine Research

PIC and calcification changes



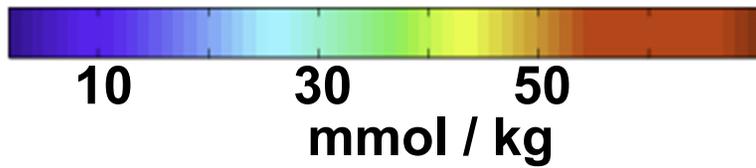
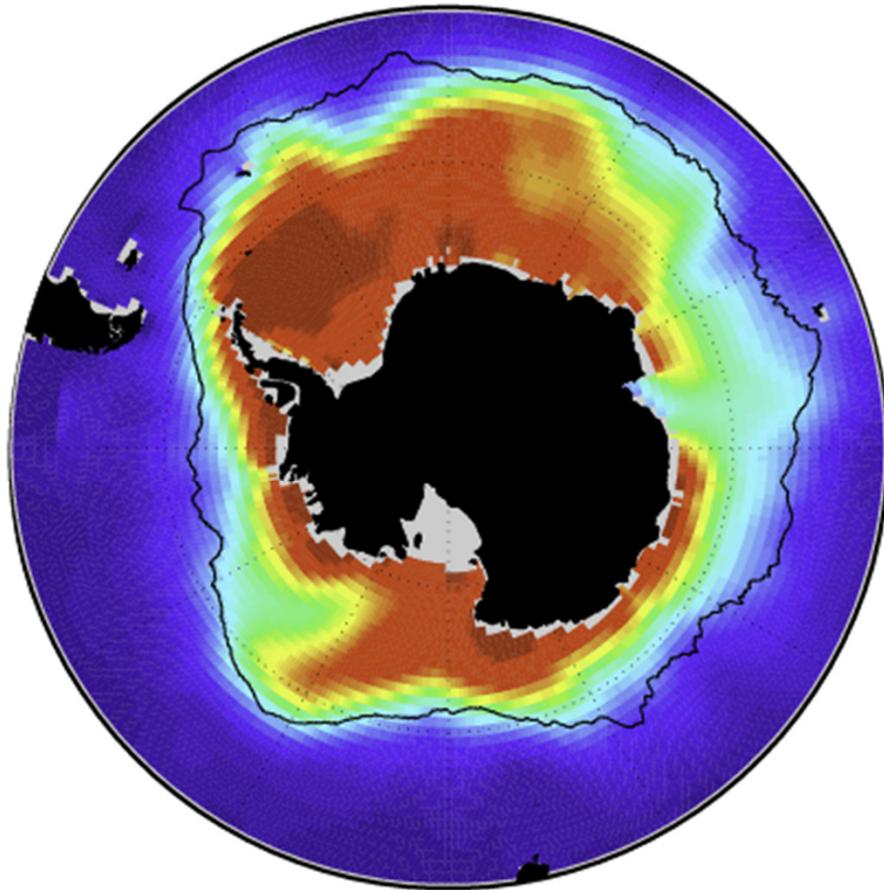
Freeman & Lovenduski (2015)

PIC and calcification changes

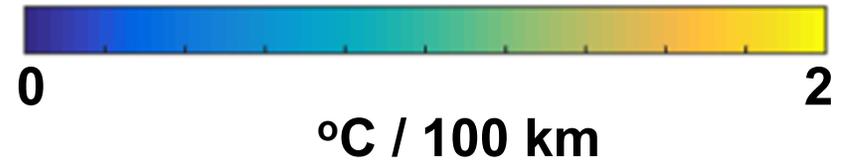
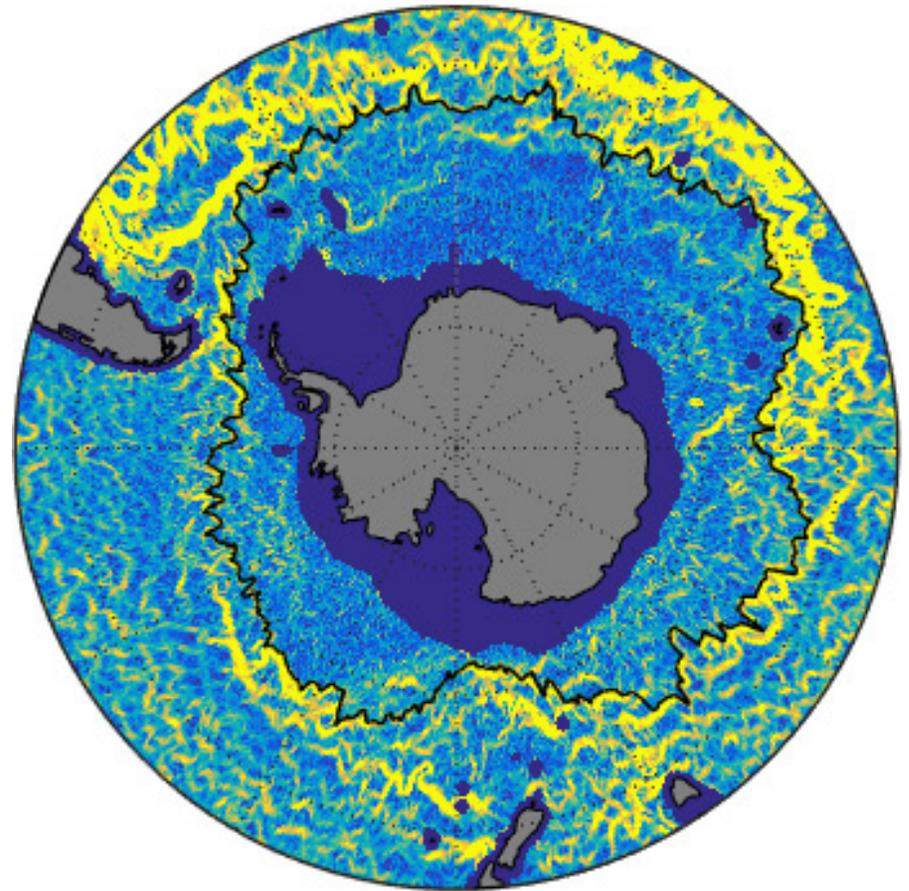
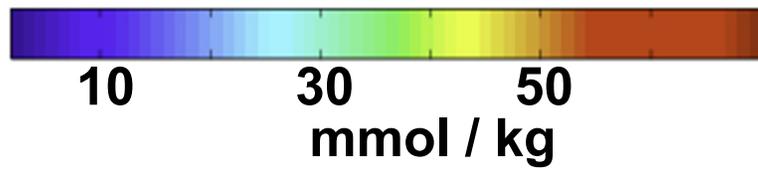
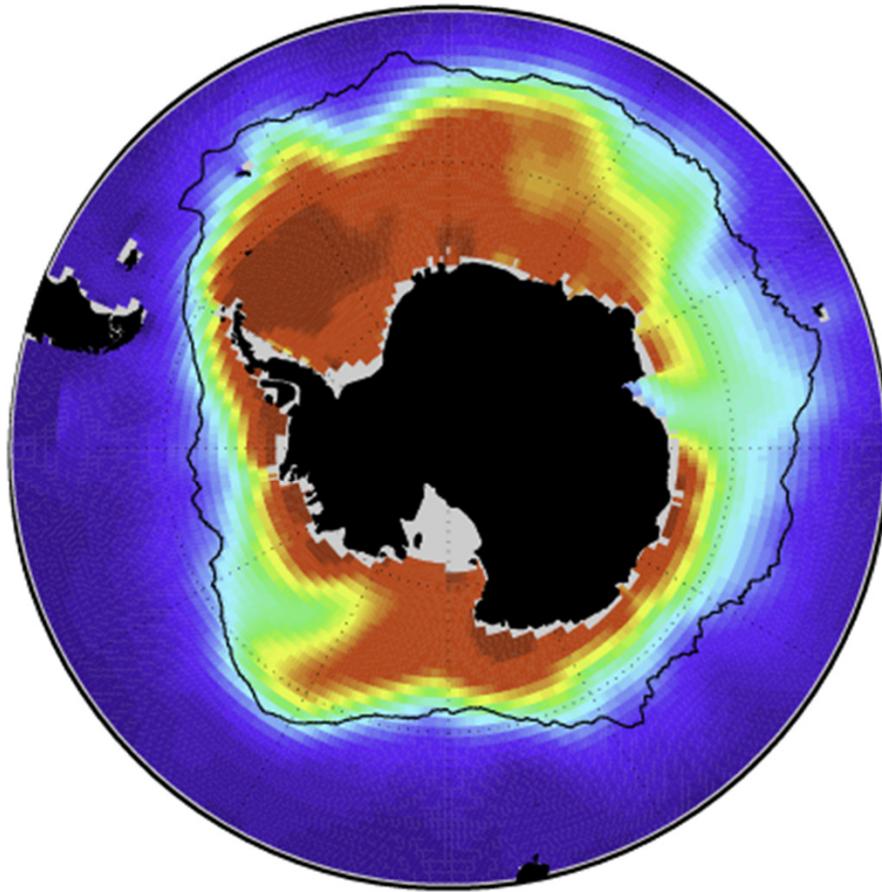


Freeman & Lovenduski (2015)

Impact of Antarctic Polar Front variability



Impact of Antarctic Polar Front variability

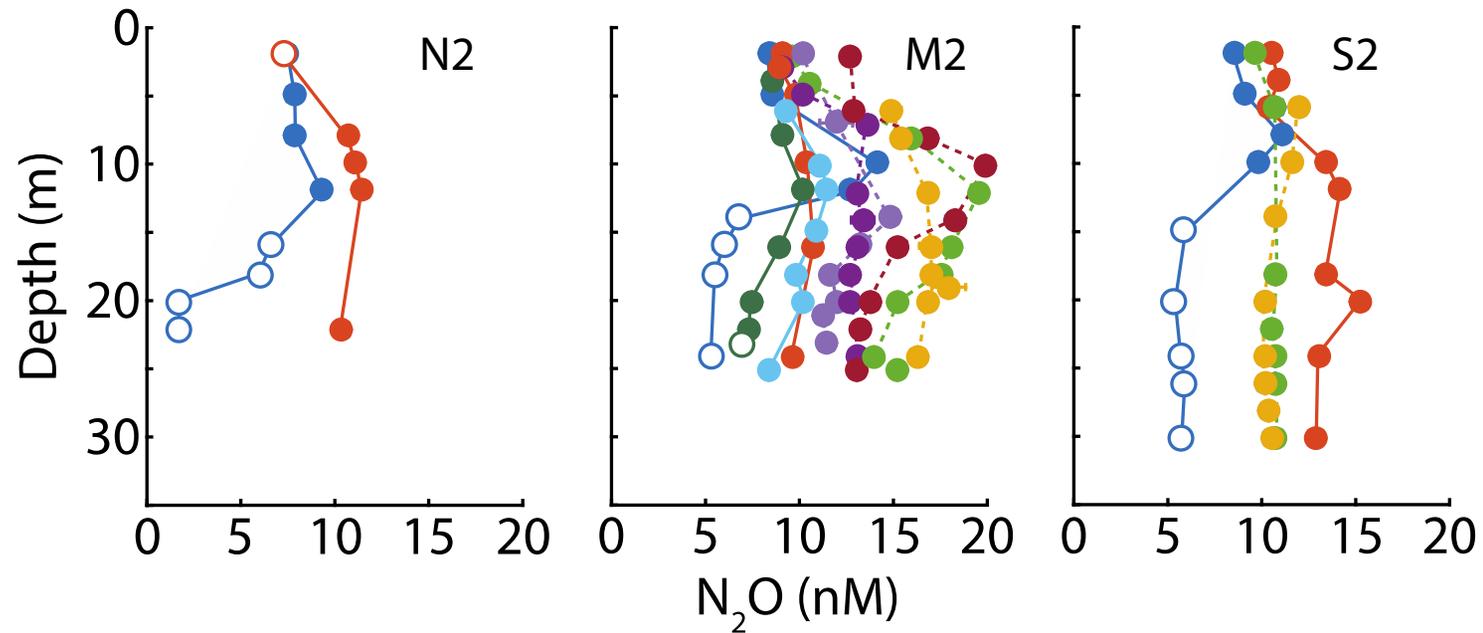


A control volume approach for estimating nitrous oxide (N_2O) production and consumption in the Chesapeake Bay

Sarah M. Laperriere¹, Nicholas J. Nidzieko¹, Rebecca J. Fox^{1,2}, and Alyson E. Santoro¹

¹Horn Point Laboratory, University of Maryland Center for Environmental Science

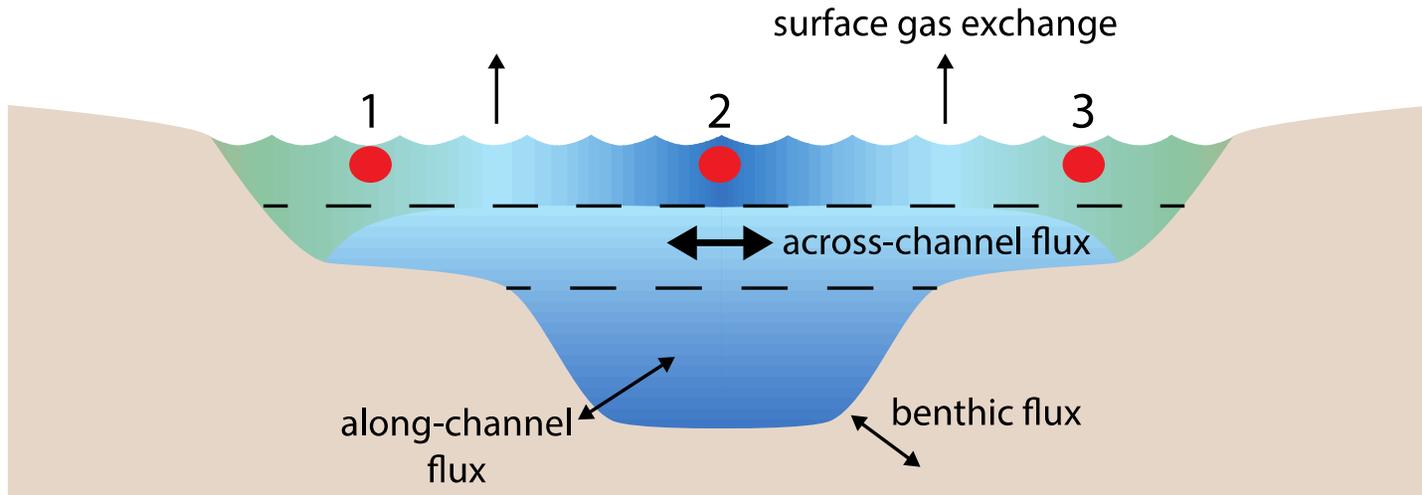
²Washington College

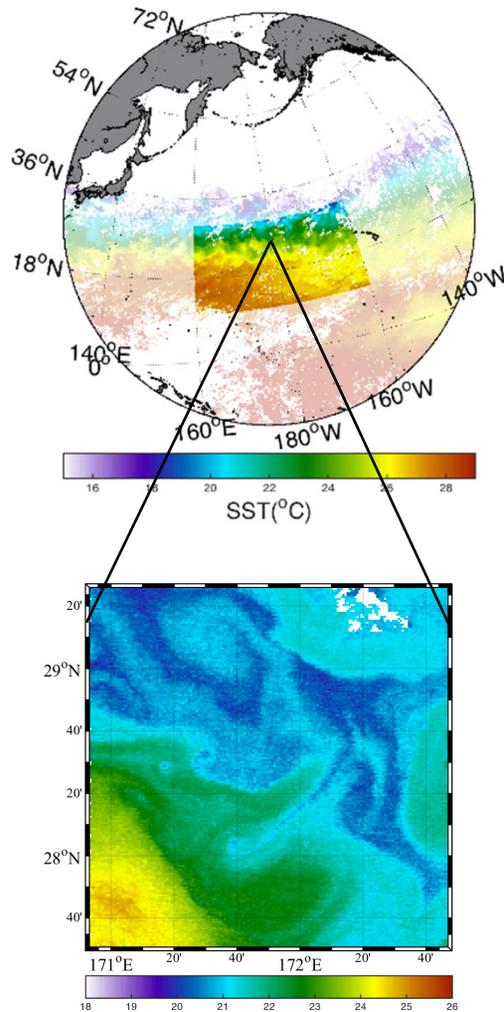


Is the Chesapeake Bay a source or sink for N₂O?

Transport Equation

$$\underbrace{\frac{\partial C}{\partial t}}_{\text{time rate of change of N}_2\text{O within control volume}} + \underbrace{u \frac{\partial C}{\partial x} + w \frac{\partial C}{\partial z}}_{\text{advective fluxes in and out of control volume}} - \underbrace{V_z \frac{\partial^2 C}{\partial z^2}}_{\text{diffusive fluxes in and out of control volume}} = \text{N}_2\text{O Sources \& Sinks}$$





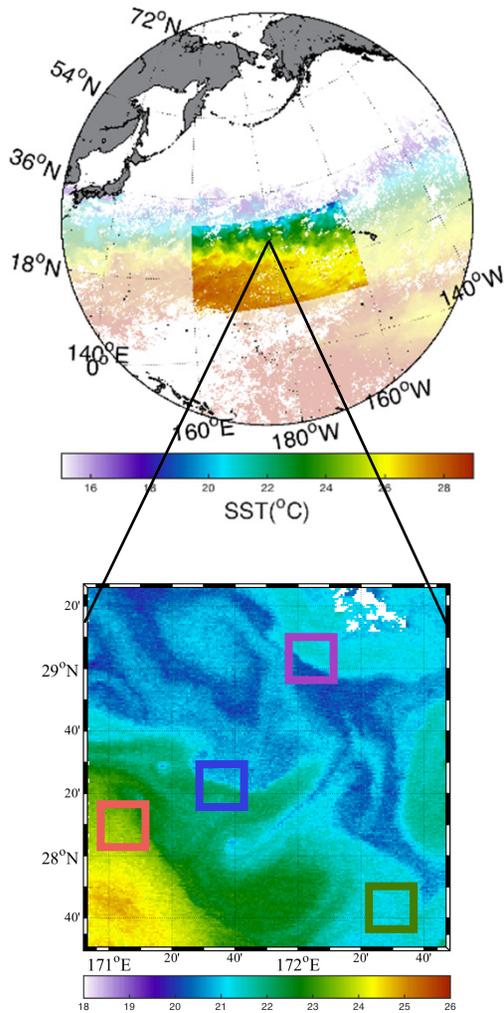
Submesoscale heterogeneity enhances phytoplankton chlorophyll in the North Pacific Subtropical Gyre

Xiao Liu and Naomi M. Levine
The University of Southern California



The submesoscale dynamics is ubiquitous in the upper ocean -

- *in situ* observations are difficult
- Current global climate models cannot address
- Impact on marine ecosystem is poorly understood

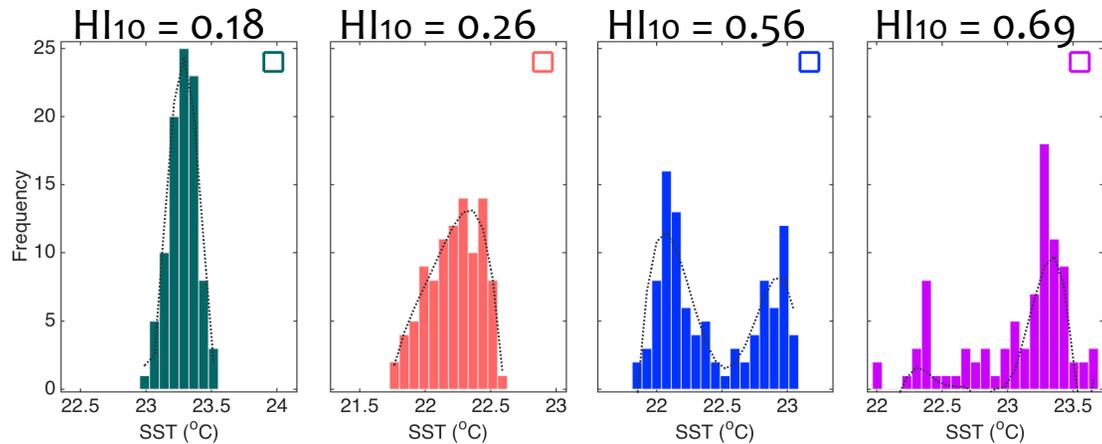


The Heterogeneity Index (HI)

- A new metric for ocean surface patchiness using MODIS/Aqua 1-km SST

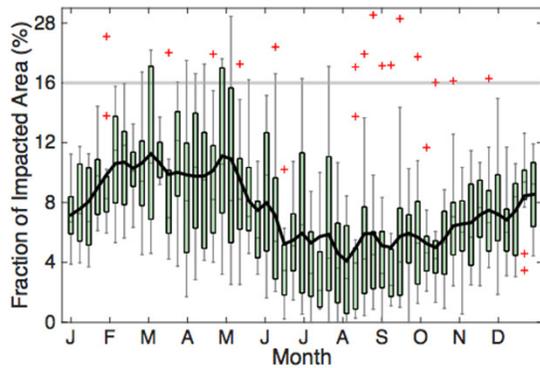
$$HI = a(b|\gamma| + c \frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}} + dP)$$

standard deviation $\frac{\sigma}{\sqrt{n}}$
 polygon that quantifies dist. deviation from normalcy P
 skewness γ

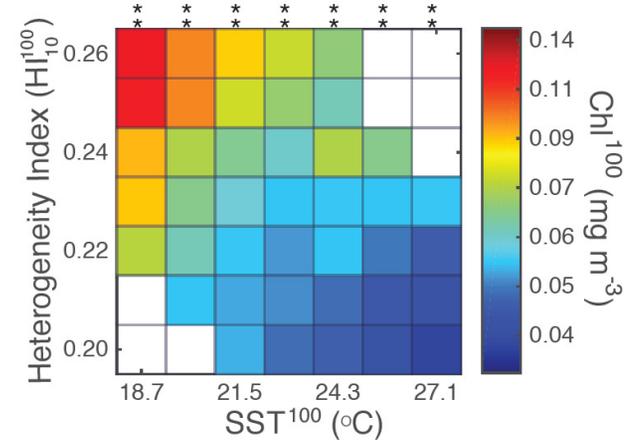
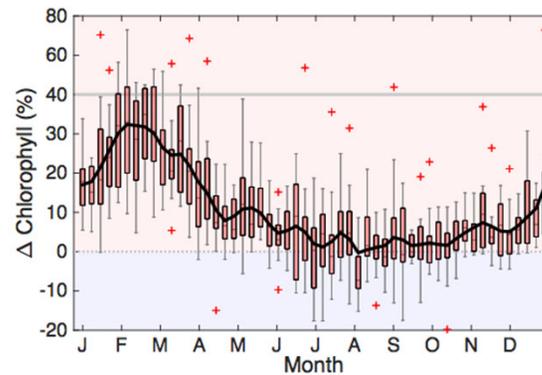


Key conclusions & Implications

Fractional area occupied by structures



Chl enhanced by structures



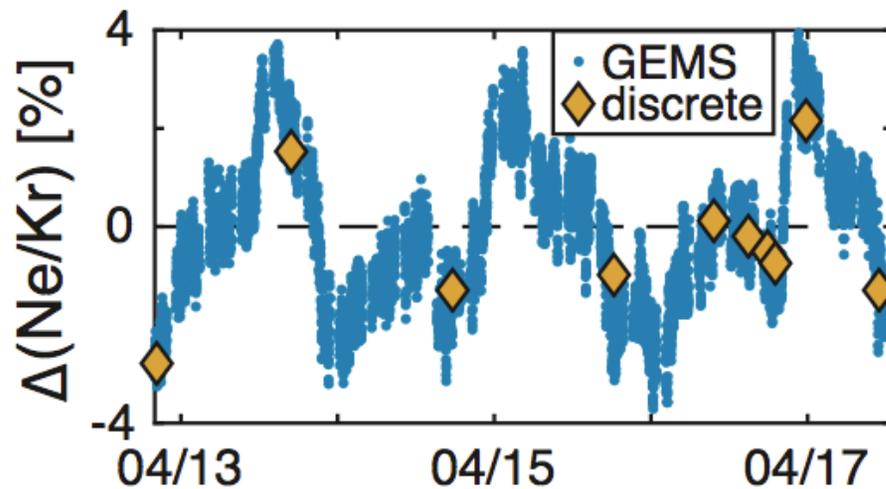
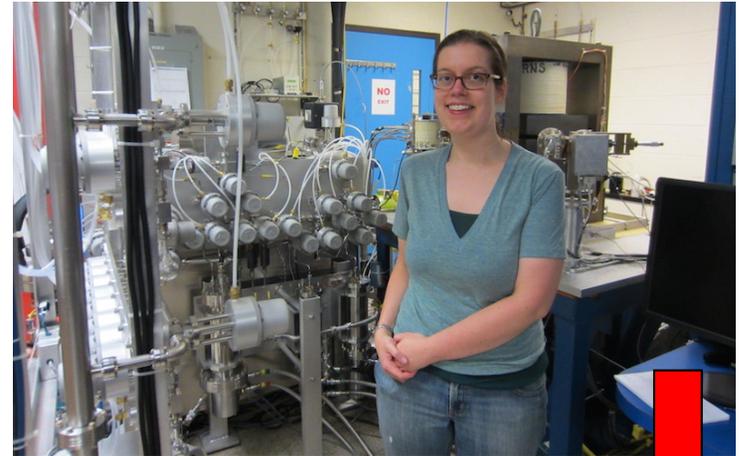
- On average 6.2 % of the area is occupied by fine-scale (<10 km) structures;
- Chlorophyll concentrations are enhanced by fine-scale heterogeneity, with an average increase of 32% (max. 73%) during the early spring.
- This impact of submesoscale physics on phytoplankton may offset the warming-induced weakening of the carbon pump.
- Parameterizing global climate models for the impact of submesoscale dynamics is needed.

We acknowledge NASA for providing satellite data, and NSF, NASA, USC for funding support.

A field-deployable gas equilibration mass spectrometer for continuous measurements of dissolved Ne, Ar, Kr, and Xe

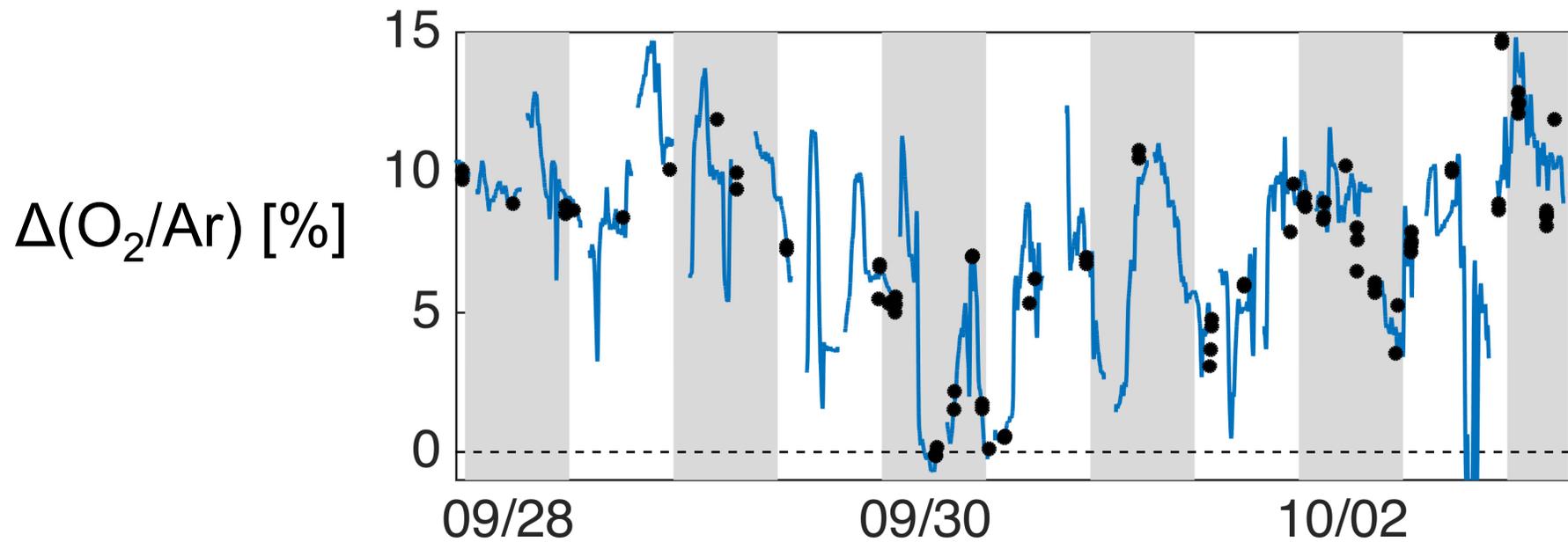
Cara Manning (MIT-WHOI)

Advisors: Rachel Stanley and David (Roo) Nicholson



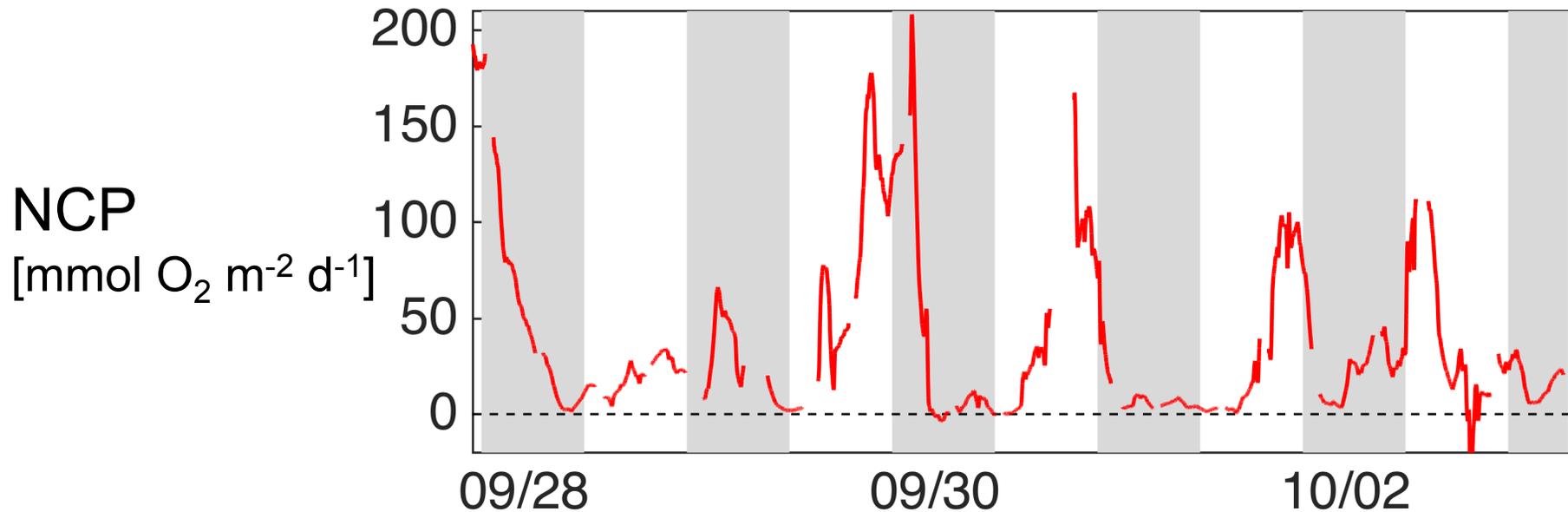
Poster: Net and gross productivity during a Lagrangian experiment in coastal California from gas tracers

Cara Manning (MIT-WHOI)



Poster: Net and gross productivity during a Lagrangian experiment in coastal California from gas tracers

Cara Manning (MIT-WHOI)



Model Based Analysis Of Trophic Responses To Changes In Nutrient Stoichiometry In Oxygen Minimum Zones

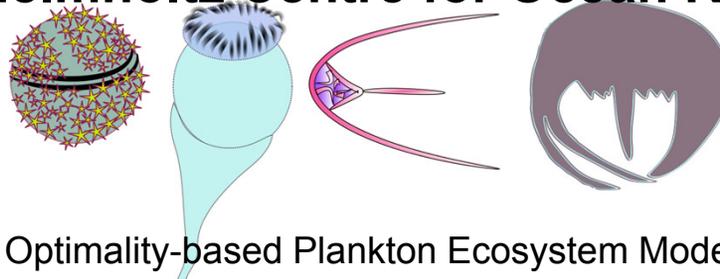
GEOMAR



Optimality-based model analysis of nitrogen and phosphorus cycling in mesocosm experiments of the Peruvian Upwelling region

Alexandra Marki*, Markus Pahlow* and Helena Hauss*

* GEOMAR Helmholtz Centre for Ocean Research Kiel



Optimality-based Plankton Ecosystem Model

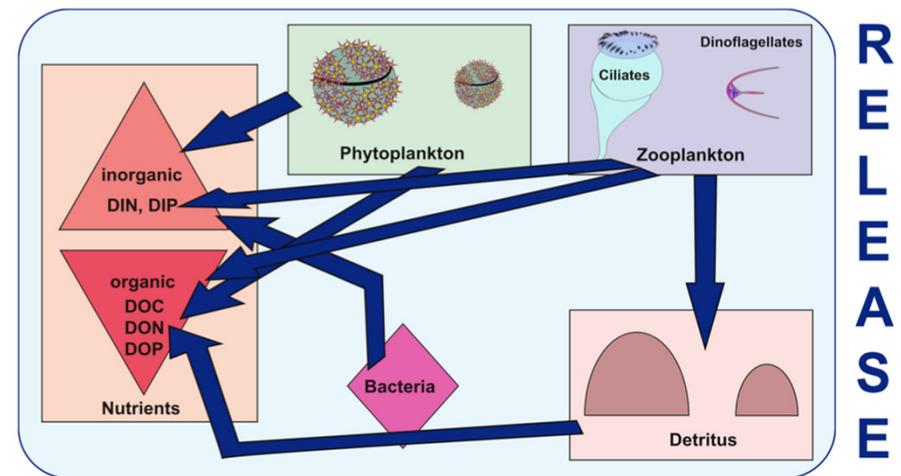
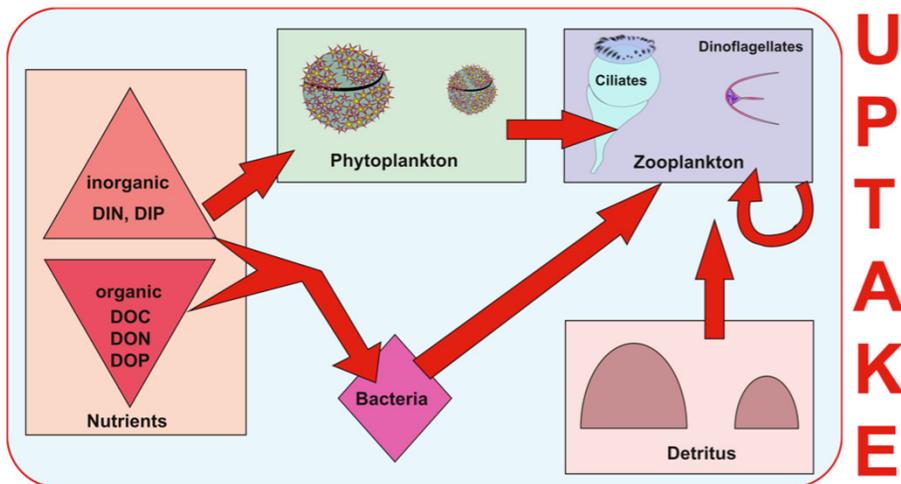
2015 OCB SUMMER SCIENCE WORKSHOP
WHOI, 22 JULY 2015

DFG

HELMHOLTZ
GEMEINSCHAFT

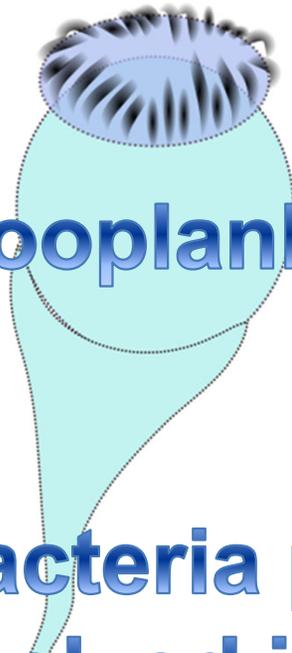
Optimality-based model analysis of nitrogen and phosphorus cycling in mesocosm experiments of the Peruvian Upwelling region

What drives ecosystem dynamics in mesocosms?



Optimality-based model analysis of nitrogen and phosphorus cycling in mesocosm experiments of the Peruvian Upwelling region

Does plankton stoichiometric plasticity matter?



Does zooplankton feeding behaviour matter?

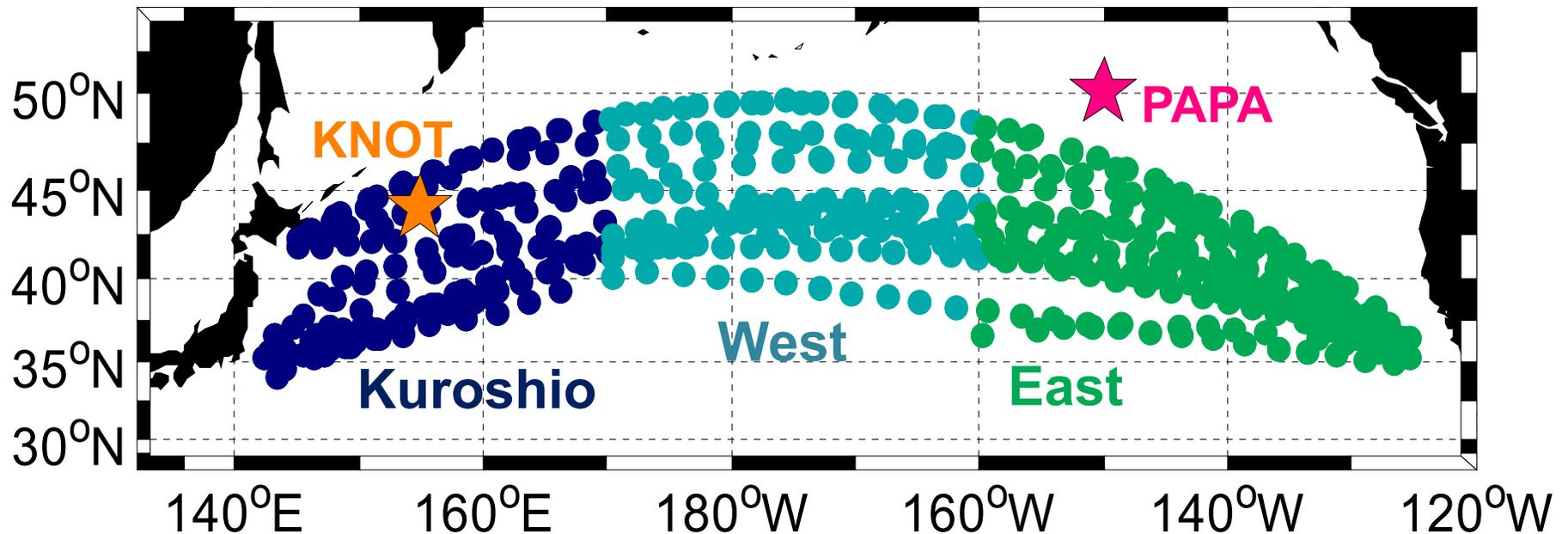
Do bacteria preferentially take up dissolved inorganic or organic phosphorus?

The annual cycle of primary production, net community production and export efficiency across the North Pacific Ocean

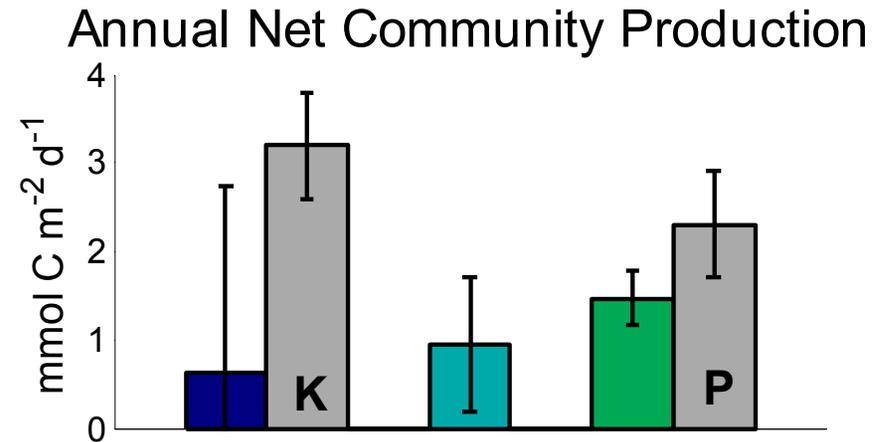
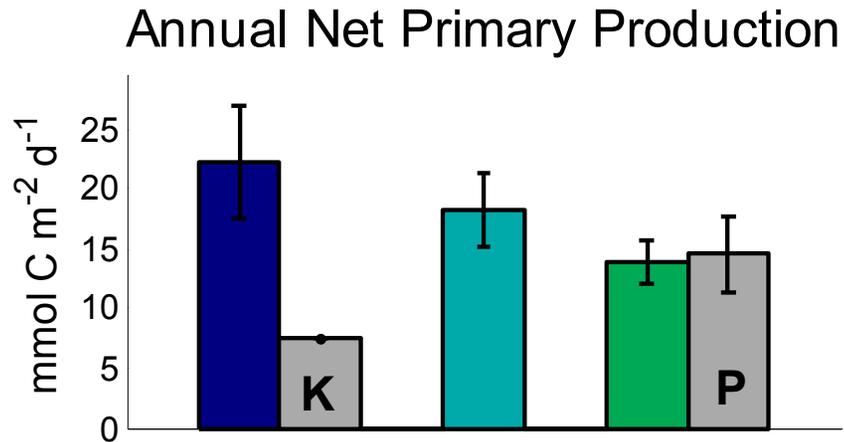
Hilary I. Palevsky

School of Oceanography, University of Washington

Co-authors: Paul D. Quay, Deirdre E. Lockwood, David P. Nicholson



Annual Productivity Rates



Kuroshio

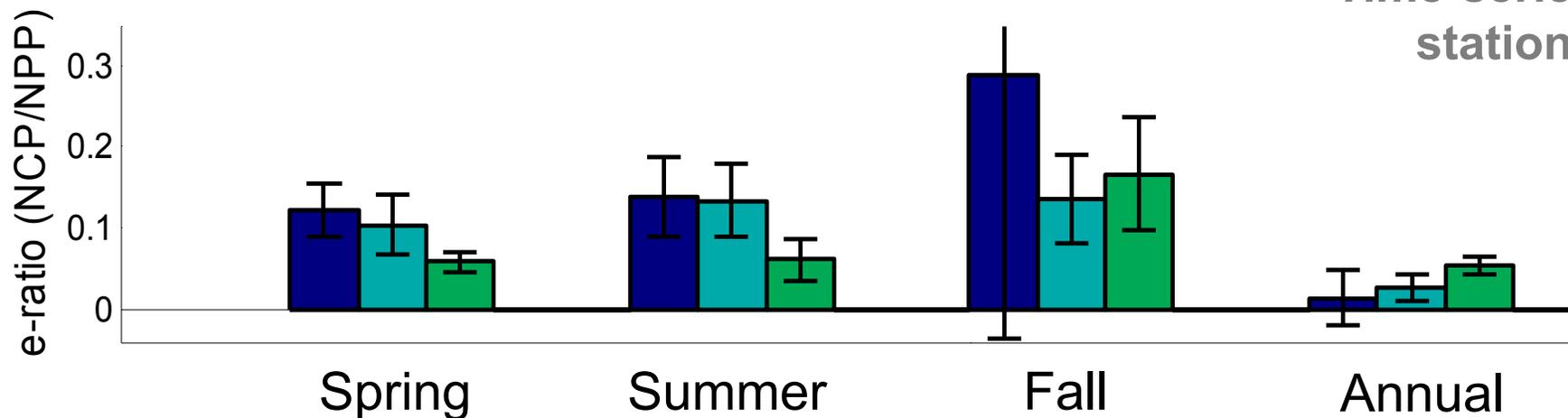
West

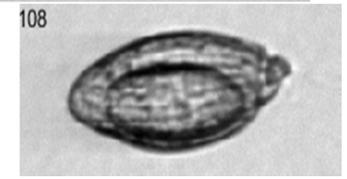
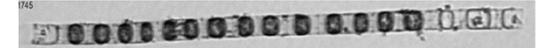
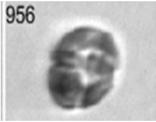
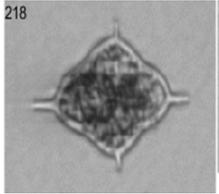
East

Time-series

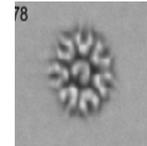
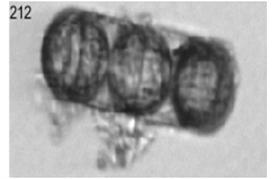
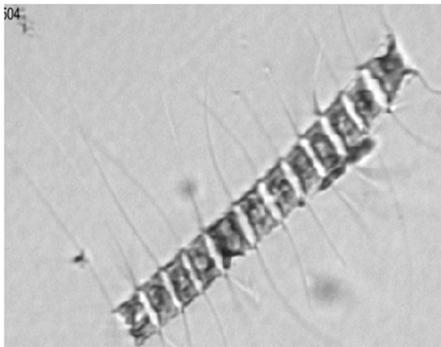
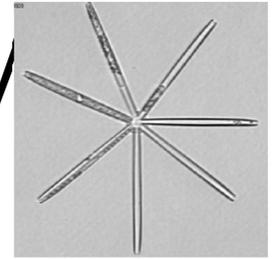
stations

Export Efficiency



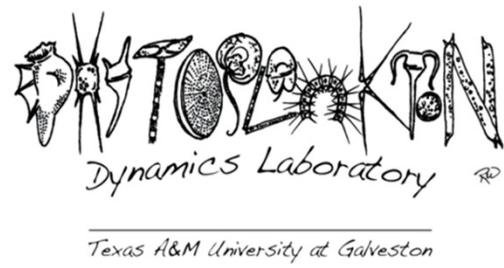


Fine Scale Phytoplankton Diversity of Galveston Bay



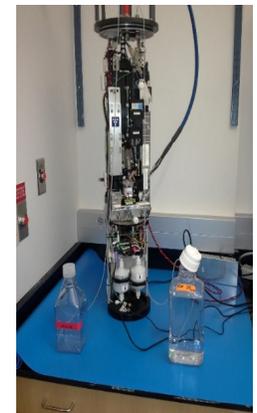
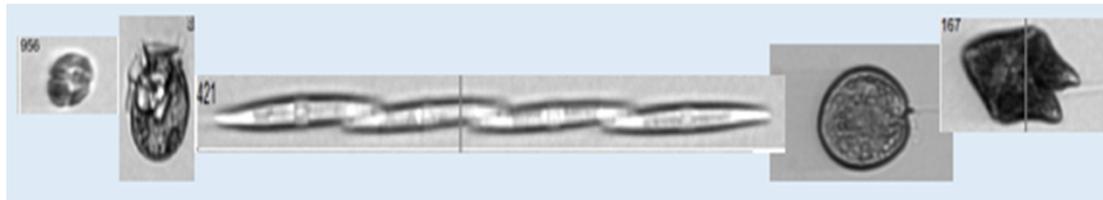
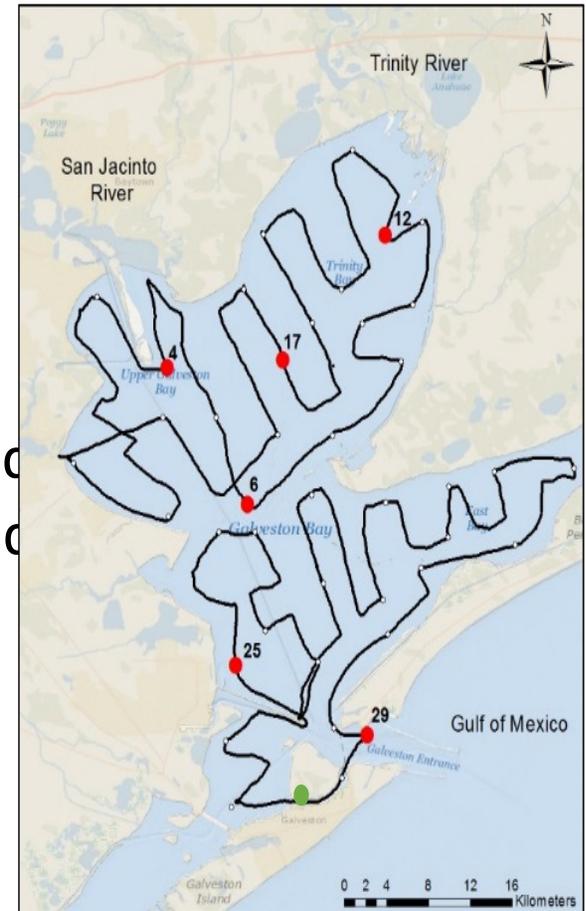
Hannah Preischel
PhD. Student

Department of Oceanography



Assessing Diversity

- **Temporal Diversity**
 - Compare to changes in temperature, and
 - Harmful algal bloom (HAB) detection and
 - Create library of phytoplankton types
- **Spatial Diversity**
 - Rivers: flows and salinity gradient
- **Nutrient Bioassay**
 - Competition and community composition shifts with limiting nutrients



African dust and *Trichodesmium* increase in temperate North Atlantic from 1980-1990's

Rivero-Calle S.¹, Del Castillo C.E.², Gnanadesikan A.¹, Dezfuli A.¹, Zaitchik B.¹

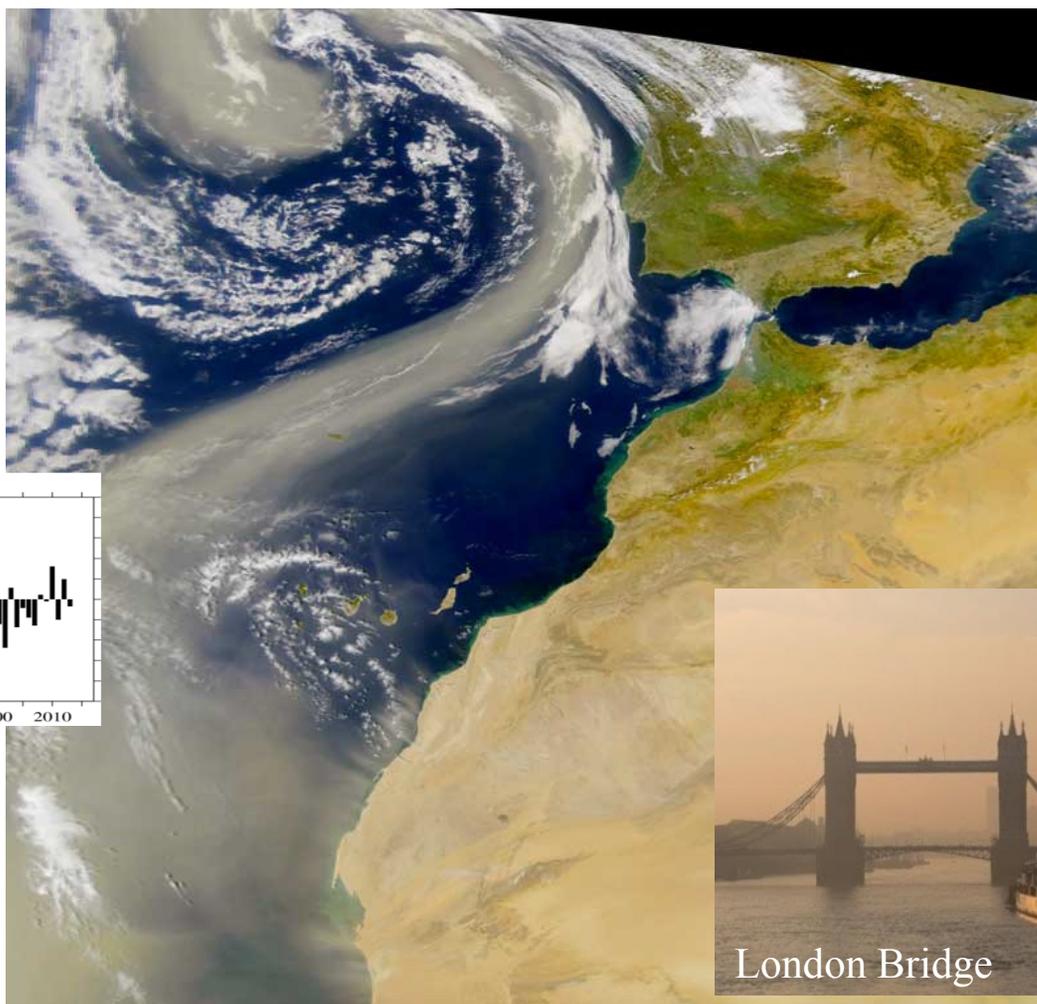
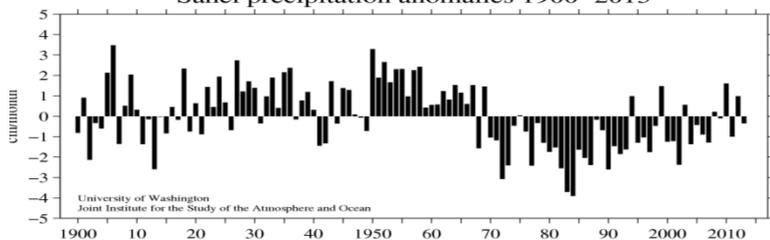
sara.rivero@jhu.edu, carlos.e.delcastillo@nasa.gov

Pathway

Source



Sahel precipitation anomalies 1900–2013



London Bridge

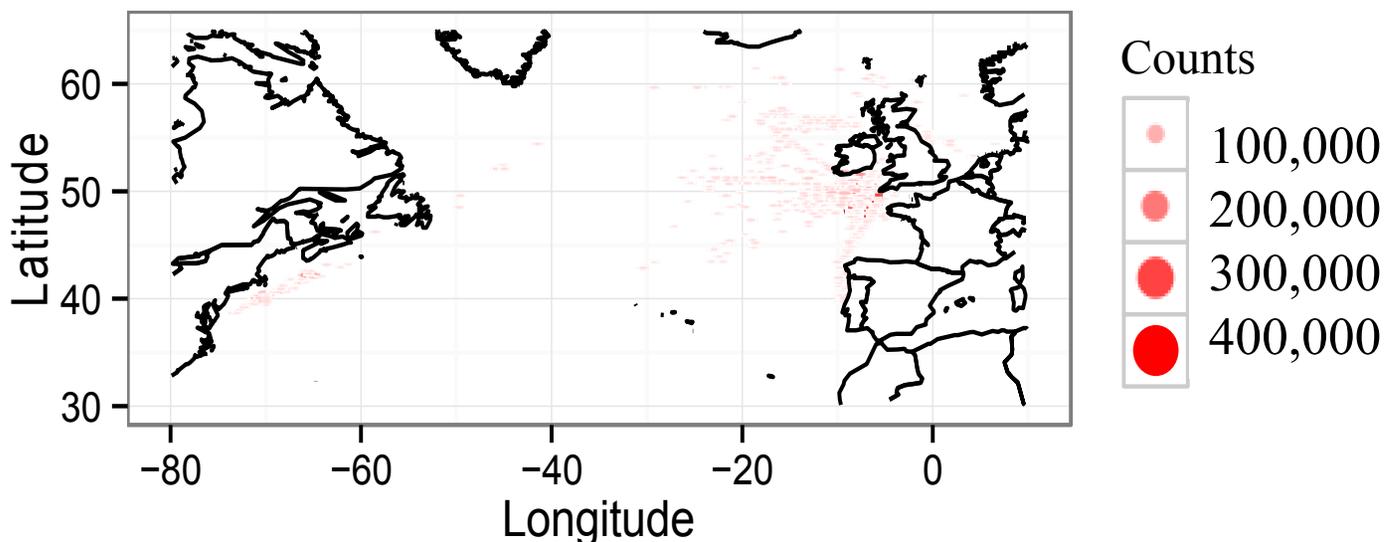
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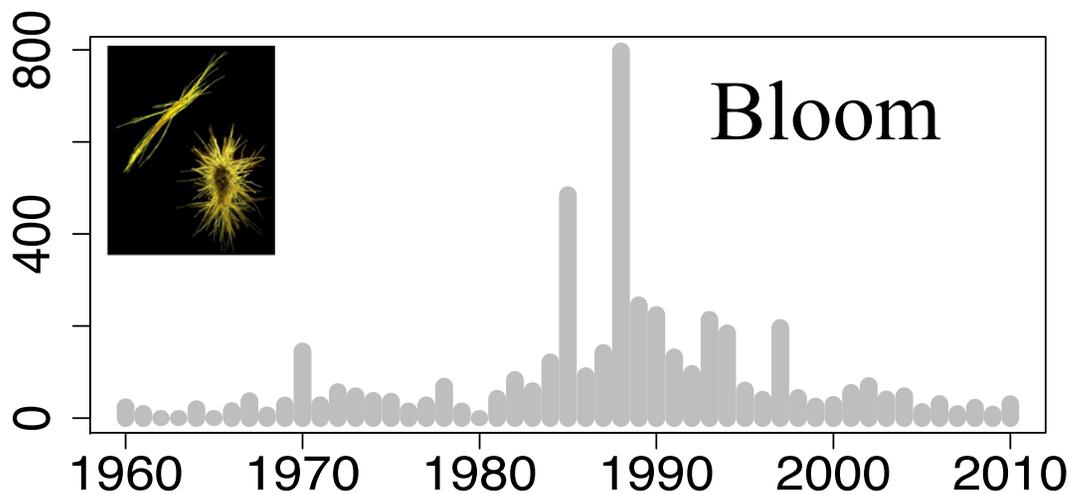
sara.rivero@jhu.edu, carlos.e.delcastillo@nasa.gov



Sir Hardy with CPR



Mean annual
Trichodesmium
counts

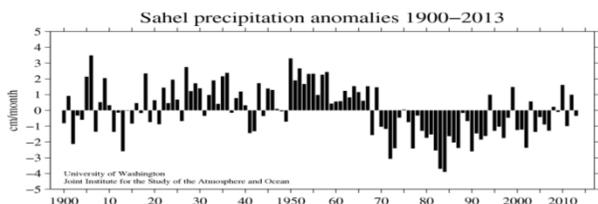


African dust and *Trichodesmium* increase in temperate North Atlantic from 1980-1990's

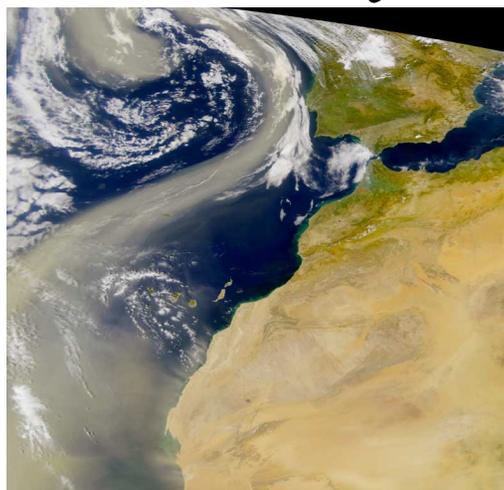
Rivero-Calle S.¹, Del Castillo C.E.², Gnanadesikan A.¹, Dezfuli A.¹, Zaitchik B.¹

sara.rivero@jhu.edu, carlos.e.delcastillo@nasa.gov

Source



Pathway

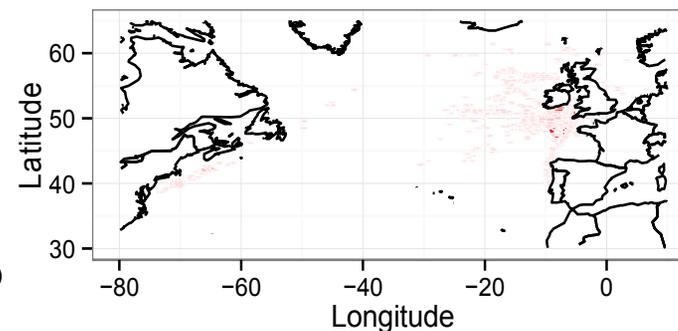
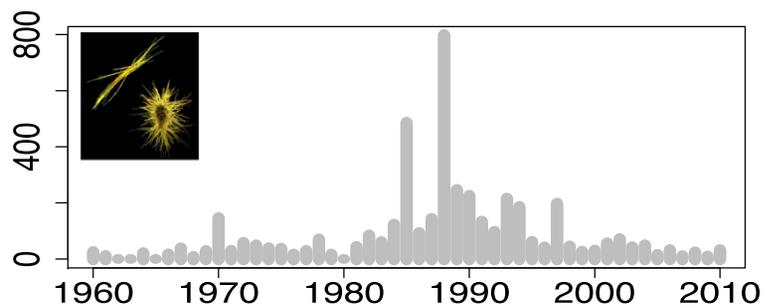


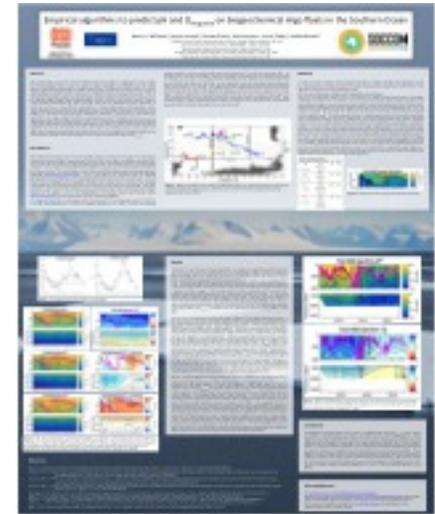
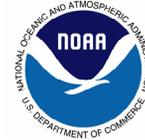
Bloom



Sir Hardy with CPR

mean annual *Trichodesmium* counts





Nancy L. Williams

PhD Student at Oregon State University

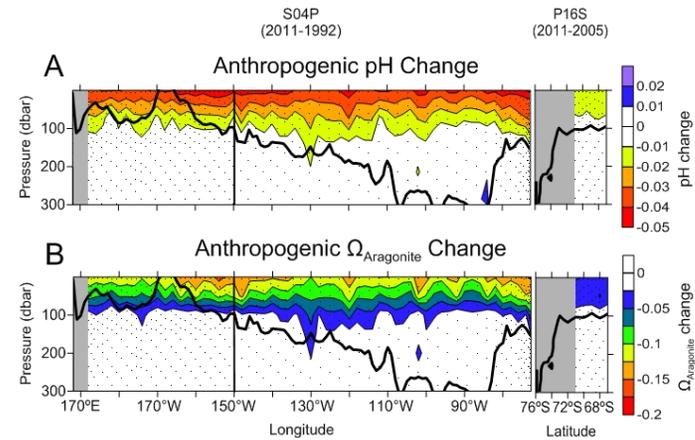
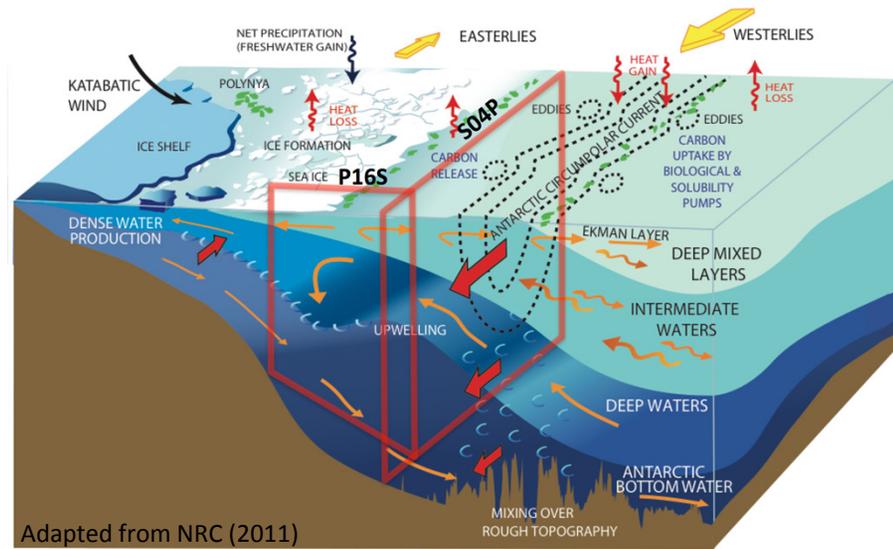
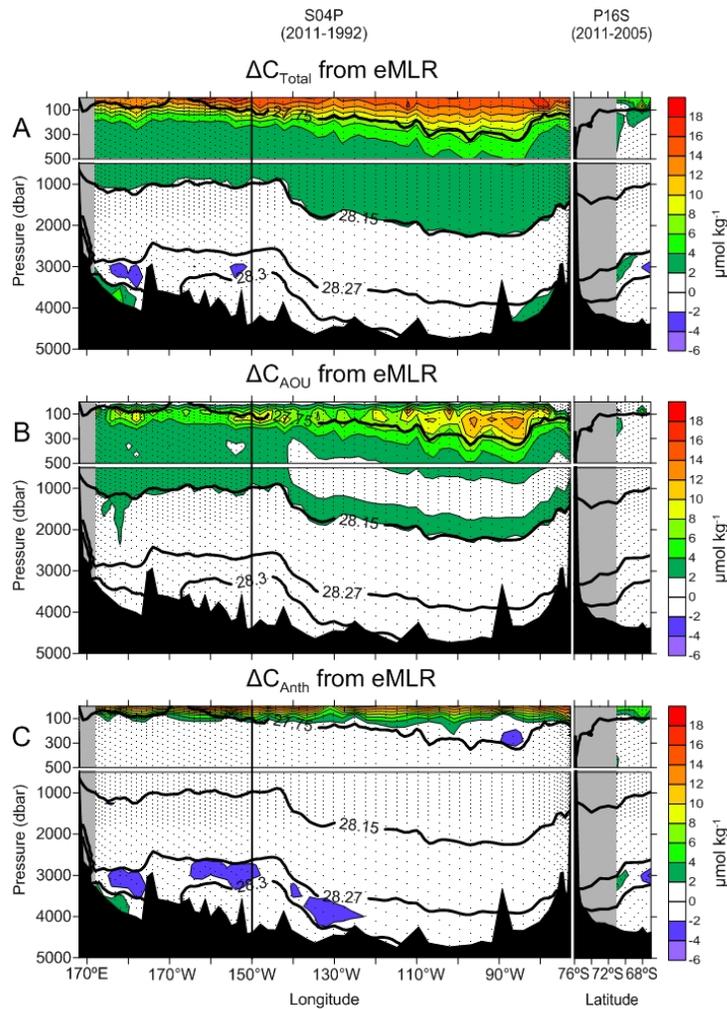
Advisor: Laurie Juranek

E-mail: nancy.williams@oregonstate.edu

M.S. in Oceanography, University of Washington, 2014

Advisors: Richard Feely and Christopher Sabine of NOAA PMEL

Southern Ocean Anthropogenic Carbon



Reference: Williams, N. L., R. A. Feely, C. L. Sabine, A. G. Dickson, J. H. Swift, L. D. Talley, and J. L. Russell (2015), Quantifying Anthropogenic Carbon Inventory Changes in the Pacific Sector of the Southern Ocean, *Mar. Chem.*, 174, 147–160, doi:10.1016/j.marchem.2015.06.015.



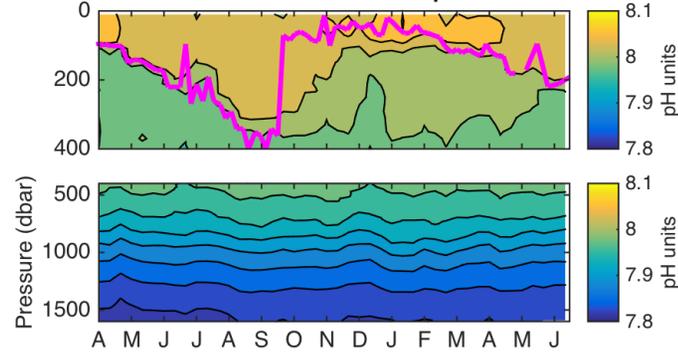
SOCCOM

Unlocking the mysteries of the Southern Ocean

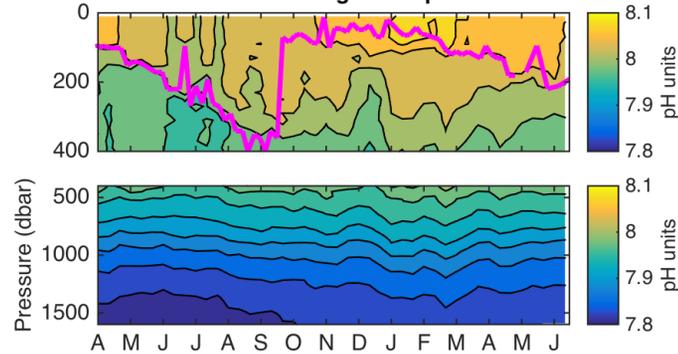
Carbon Algorithm Development

Target Variable	Predictor Variables	R ²	rmse
pH^N	Salinity	0.981	0.010
	Temperature		
	Pressure		
	Nitrate		
pH^{Ox}	Salinity	0.964	0.008
	Temperature		
	Pressure		
	Oxygen		
Ω_{Ar}^N	Salinity	0.983	0.035
	Temperature		
	Sigma Theta		
	Pressure		
	Nitrate		
$\Omega_{\text{Ar}}^{\text{Ox}}$	Oxygen	0.982	0.023
	Salinity		
	Temperature		
	Sigma Theta		
	Pressure		

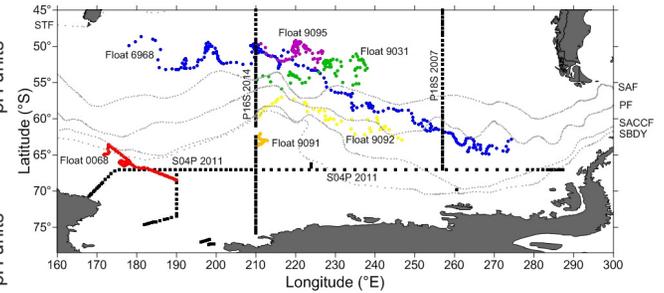
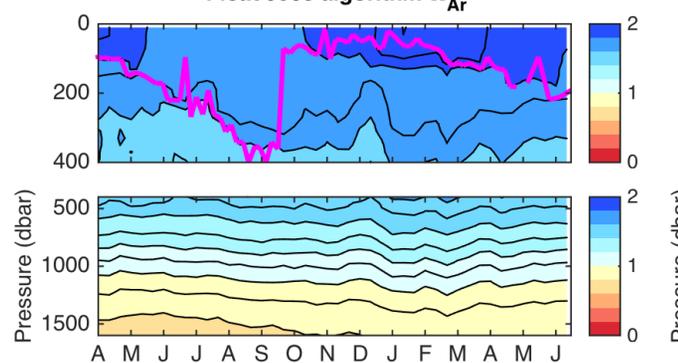
Float 9095 Measured pH



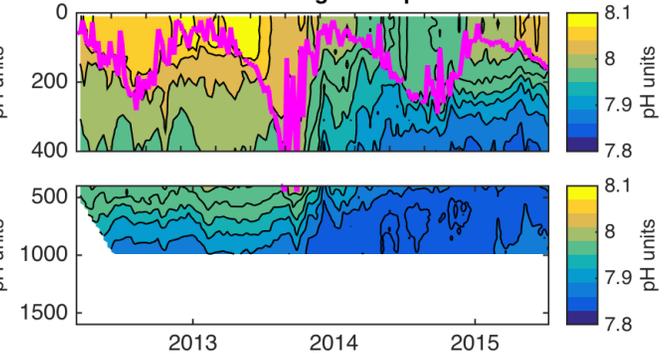
Float 9095 algorithm pH^N



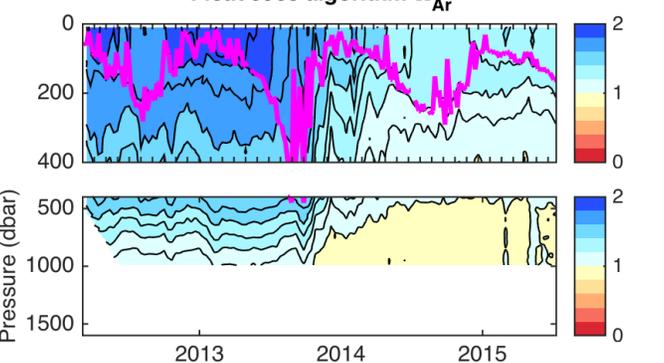
Float 9095 algorithm Ω_{Ar}^N



Float 6968 algorithm pH^N



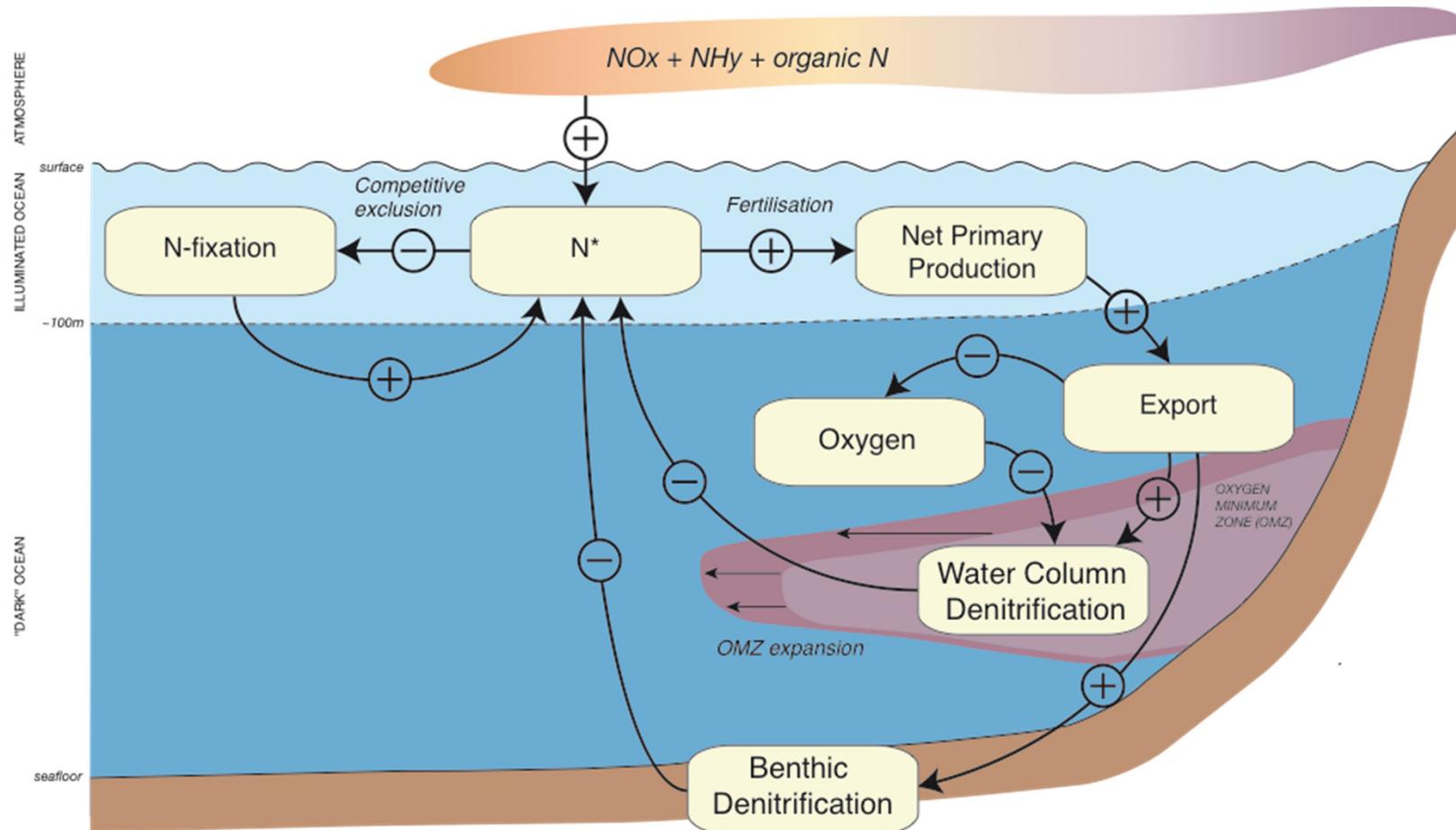
Float 6968 algorithm Ω_{Ar}^N



The marine nitrogen cycle during the Anthropocene

Simon Yang
Supervisor : Nicolas Gruber

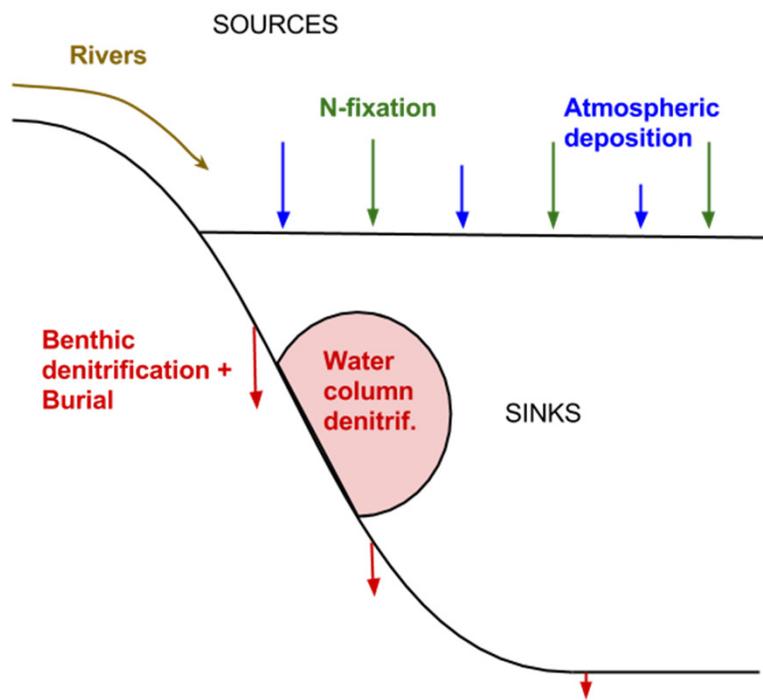
Stabilizing feedbacks in the nitrogen cycle



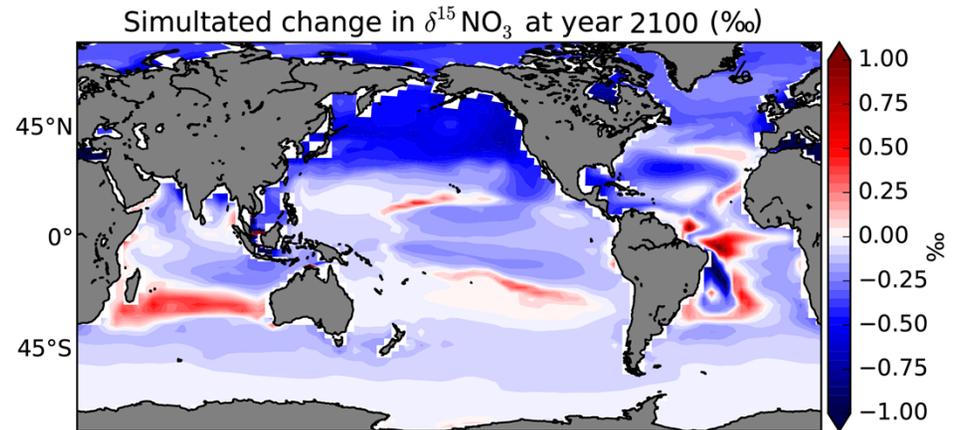
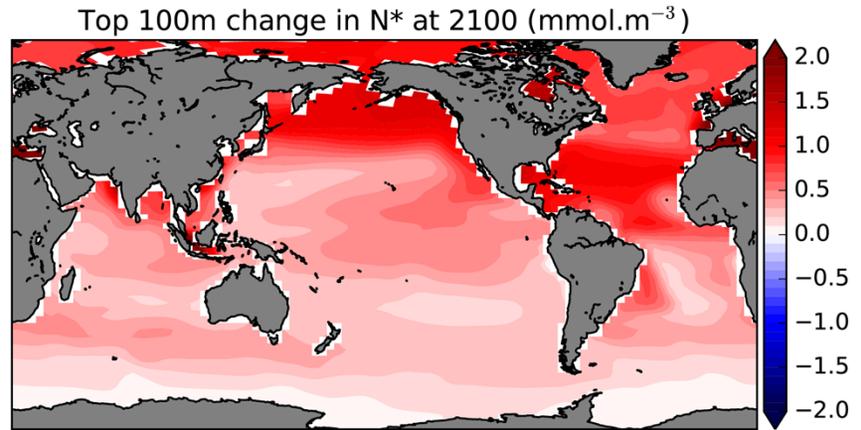
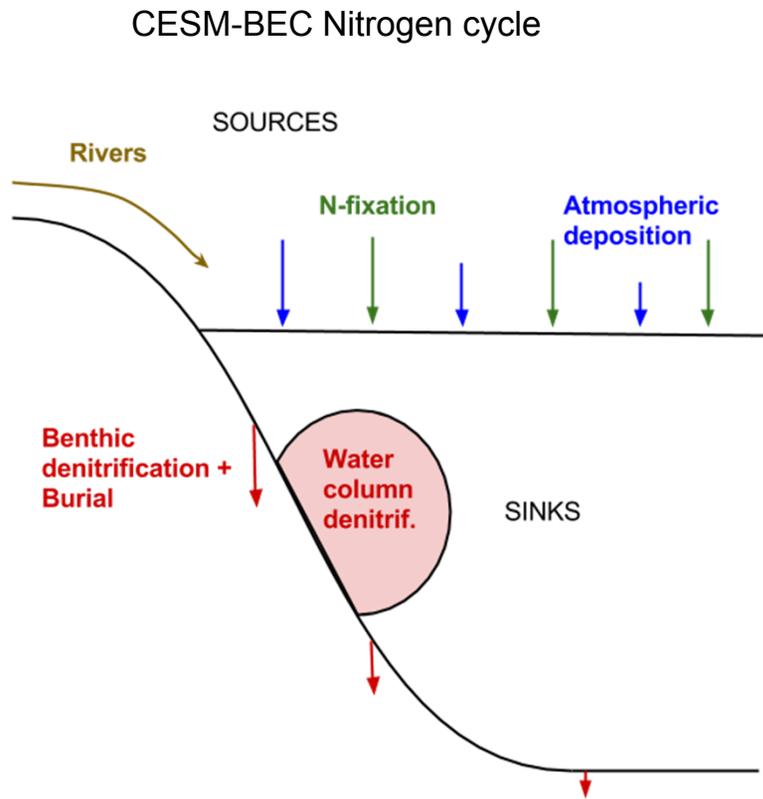
Yang and Gruber, submitted

Tool : forced ocean-ice model + comprehensive BGC

CESM-BEC Nitrogen cycle



Tool : forced ocean-ice model + comprehensive BGC



Linking microbes to climate:

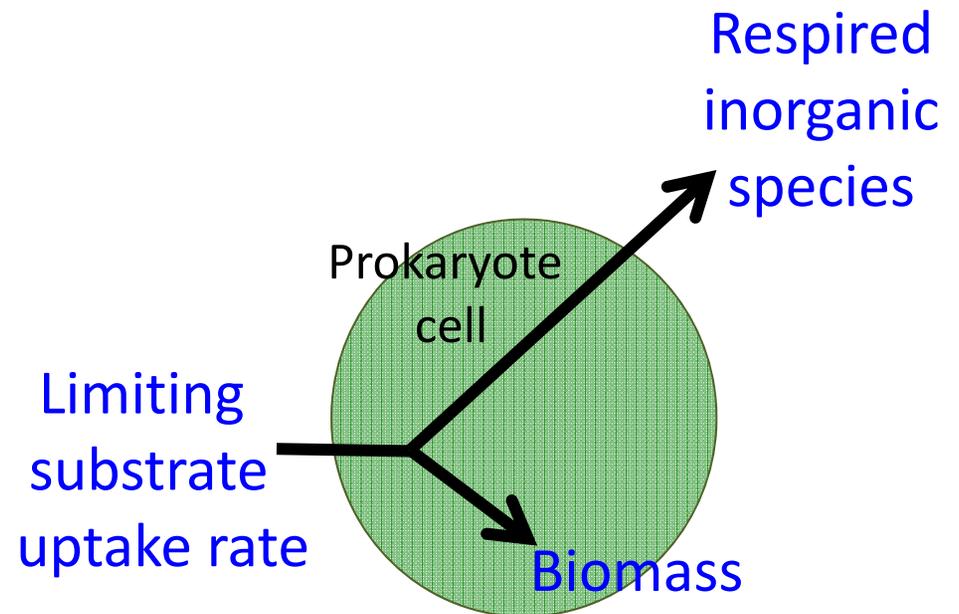
Modeling prokaryotic metabolisms explicitly

Emily Zakem, MIT

Advisor: Mick Follows

Approach: Metabolisms defined by redox reactions.

- **Growth efficiency** from thermodynamics.
- **Growth rate** from uptake limitations.

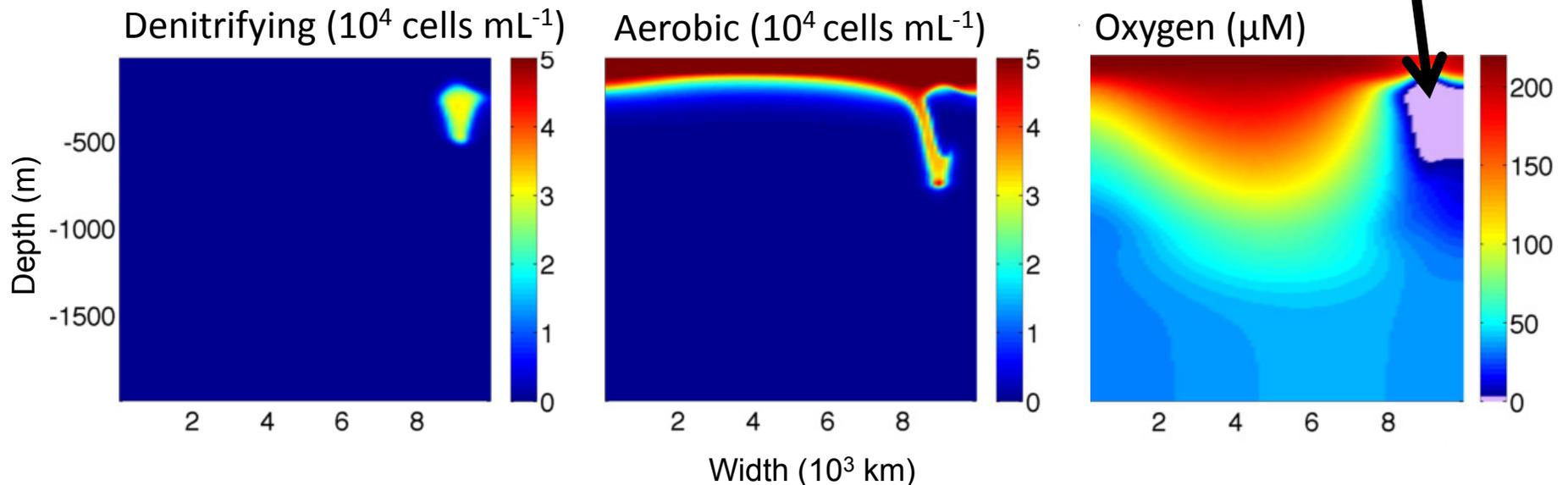


Hypothesis: Bacterial biogeography and nutrient distributions will emerge from competition of metabolisms.

Linking microbes to climate:

Modeling prokaryotic metabolisms explicitly

An idealized oxygen minimum zone
with two heterotrophic functional types:



Emily Zakem

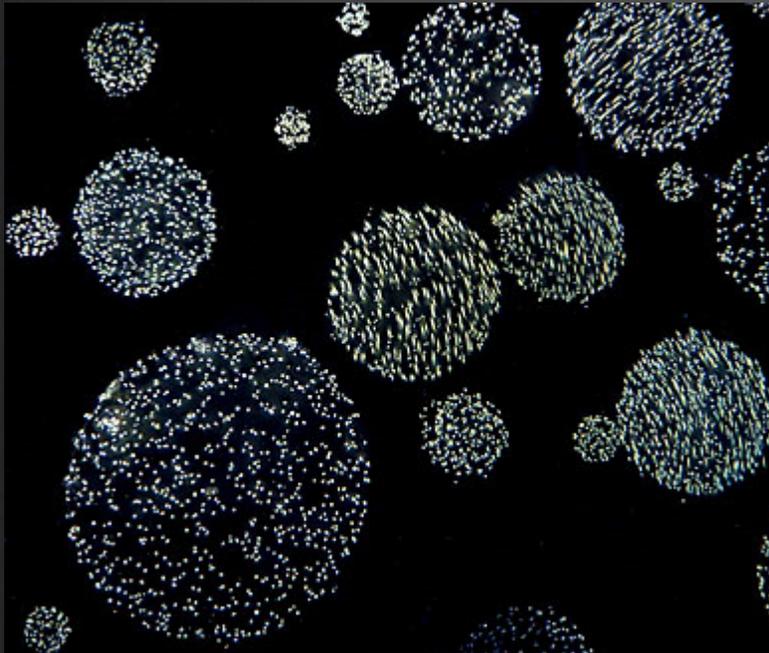


Zhi Zhu
Ph. D Candidate
University of Southern California



USC University of
Southern California

Phaeocystis VS Diatom



<http://www.phaeocystis.org/>

VS



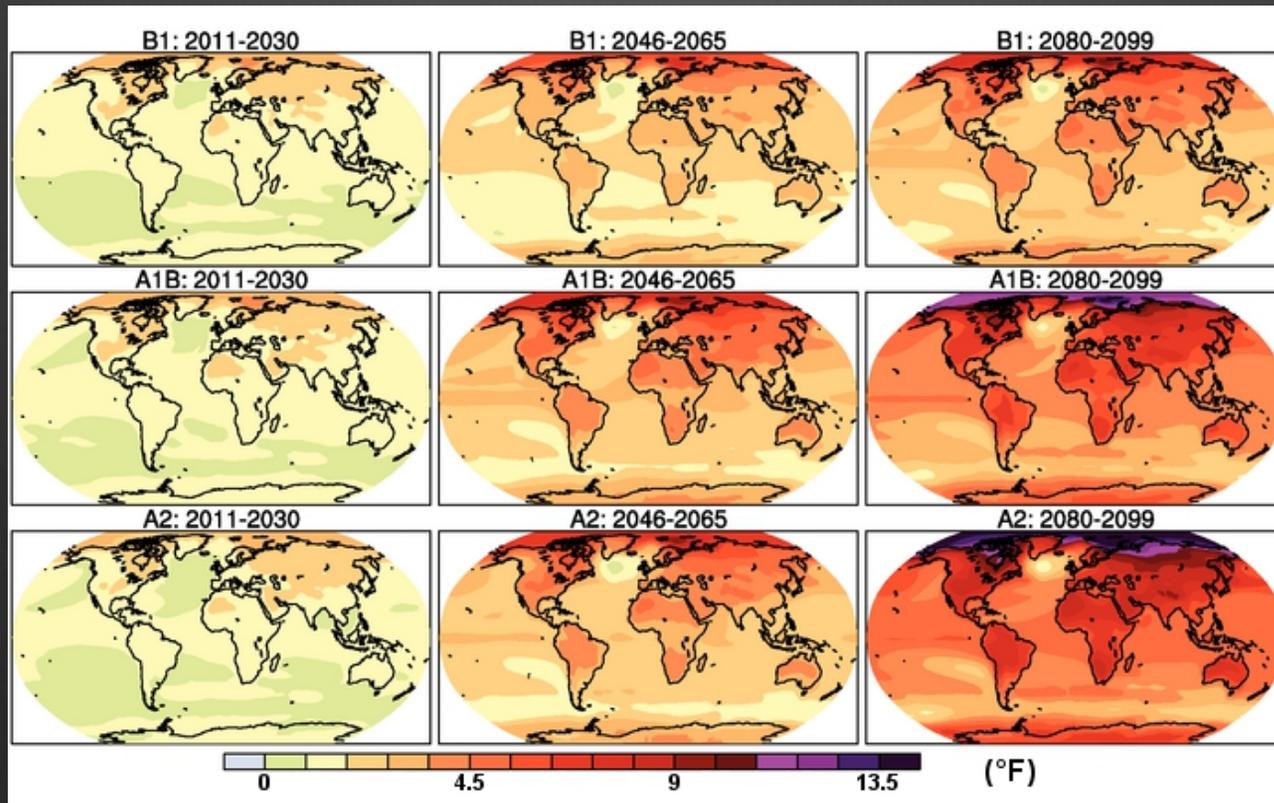
Factors affect phytoplankton community structure

- ⊗ Phytoplankton community structure in the Ross Sea is related to mixed layer depth (Arrigo et al., 1999)
- ⊗ Water column temperature may play a significant role in phytoplankton community composition (Liu and Smith, 2012)

Arrigo, Kevin R., et al. *Science* 283.5400 (1999): 365-367

Liu, Xiao, and Walker O. Smith. *Journal of Marine Systems* 94 (2012): 135-144.

Global warming and iron input change



Evolving Views on Physical, Ecological, and Biogeochemical Underpinnings
of Plankton Blooms



Interactive effects of iron and temperature on Antarctic diatoms and *Phaeocystis antarctic*

Zhi Zhu¹, Kai Xu¹, Feixue Fu¹, Jenna Spackeen², Deborah A. Bronk², David A. Hutchins¹

1. Department of Biological Science, University of Southern California, Los Angeles, CA
2. Department of Physical Sciences, Virginia Institute of Marine Science, Gloucester Point, VA

