

Ocean-Atmosphere-Sea Ice-Snowpack interactions in Polar regions.

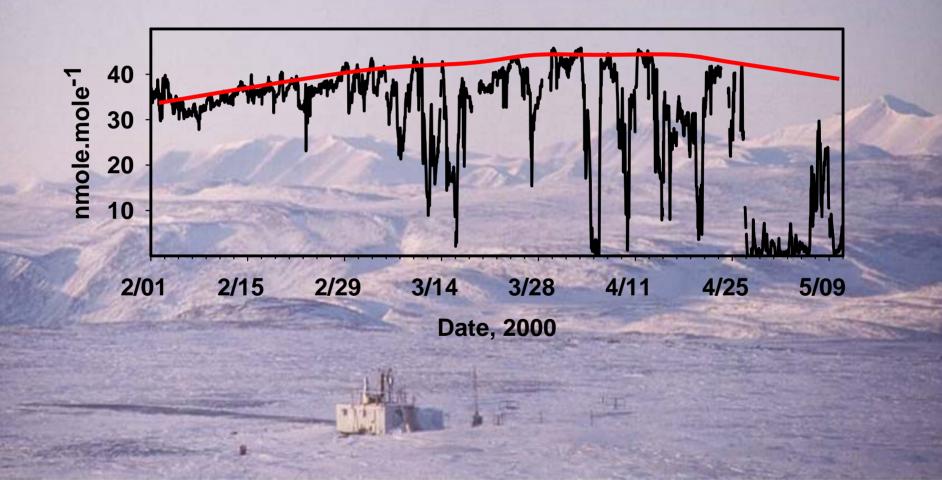
Jan W. Bottenheim Meteorological Service of Canada, Toronto ON, Canada

> 17 coauthors from North America, Europe and Australia in physics, chemistry, oceanography, biology

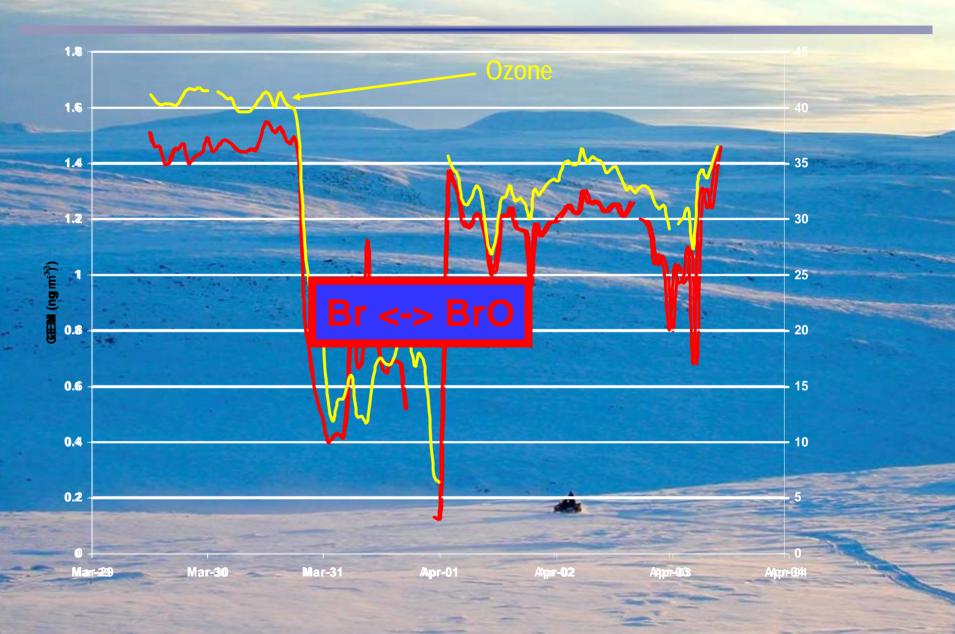
ARCTIC HAZE

Photo:Glenn Shaw; from AMAP, 1998)

BOUNDARY LAYER OZONE DEPLETION



Gaseous Mercury depletion



CHEMISTRY IN THE SNOW PACK

Conversion of unreactive halogen ions into reactive halogen molecules Conversion of unreactive nitrate into reactive nitrogen oxide Production of reactive carbonyl compounds



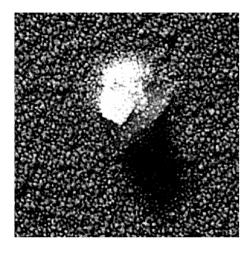
PHOTOCHEMICAL REACTIONS OCCUR IN SNOW

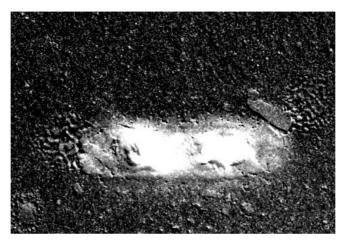


Airborne particles like those in the microlayer

Small angular particles 20-50nm. Viruses?

Bacteria – usually crumpled or exploded



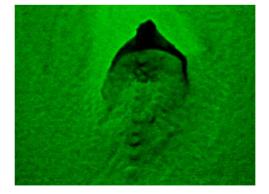




Other creatures







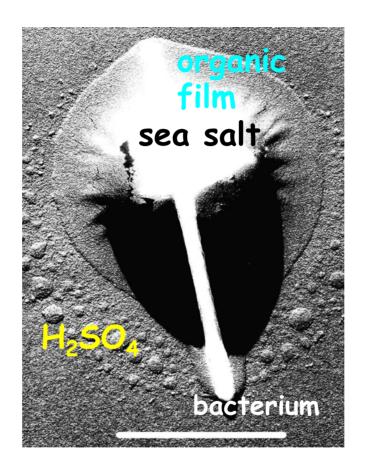








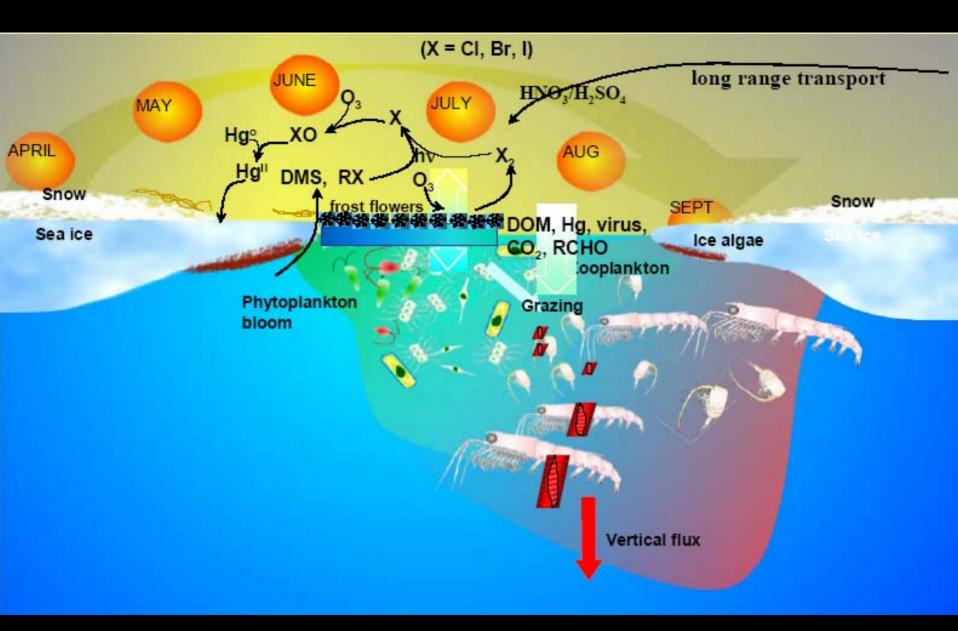




How does the chemistry of the aerosol multiphase system influence formation and evolution of the cloud droplet population ?

(from: Bigg and Leck, 2002)

ARE FROST FLOWERS IMPORTANT ?



What is the solar influence on OASIS chemical exchange processes in the Arctic ?

physical, chemical, and biologically-mediated processes involving halogens, DMS, NOx, O₃, VOCs, POPs, Hg, S-constituents, particulate matter, and CO₂

What is the importance of OASIS exchange processes on climate change ?

chemistry, physics and biology of airborne aerosol particles and cloud/snow formation will the processes constitute a positive or negative climate feedback

What is the impact of seasonal and climatic changes on OASIS chemical exchange ?

changes in ocean, ice and snow cover characteristics how important are frost flowers

What is the impact of long term changes of environmental pollution on OASIS exchange?

is Hg deposition increasing due to increased reactive bromine production? do deposited contaminant (Hg, POPs) undergo chemical processing?

OASIS: WHERE?

YEAR-TO-YEAR VARIATIONS OF SPRING TIME POLAR TROPOSPHERIC BRO AS SEEN BY GOME (in press, 2004)

J. Hollwedel¹, M. Wenig², S. Beirle¹, S. Kraus¹, S. Kühl¹, W. Wilms-Grabe¹, U. Platt¹, and T. Wagner¹

¹Institut für Umweltphysik, Universität Heidelberg, Im Neuenheimer Feld 229, 69120 Heidelberg, Germany ²now at NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, Code 916, Greenbelt, MD 20771, USA

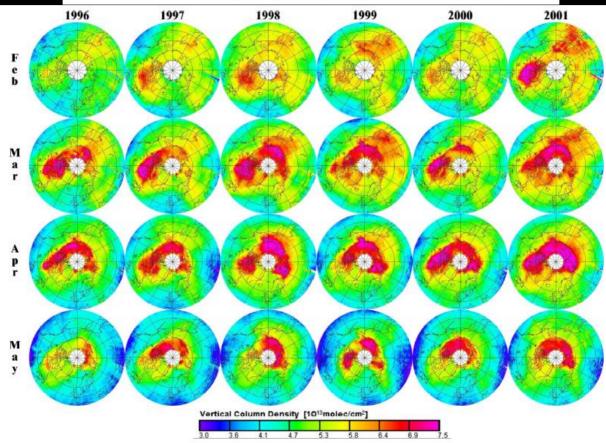
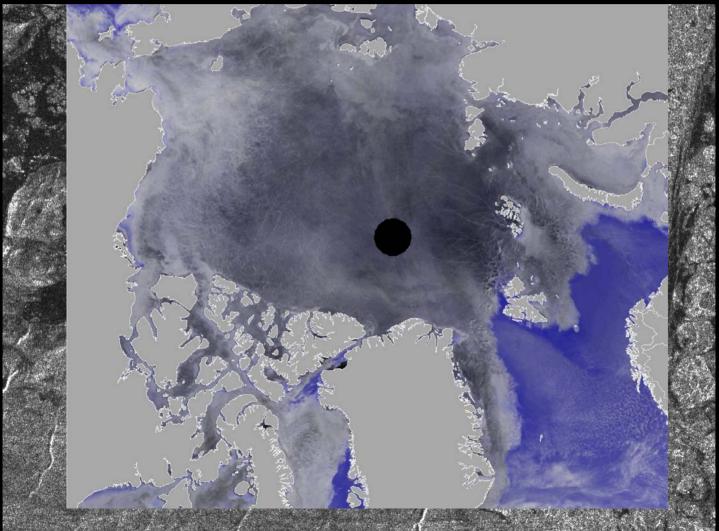


Fig. 1. Monthly mean VCDs of BrO (SZA $\leq 90^{\circ}$, AMF for std. strat. profile) in the northern hemisphere during spring (February-May(from top to bottom)) for the years 1996-2001(from left to right); the color scale ranges from $3 \cdot 10^{13}$ to $7.5 \cdot 10^{13}$ molecules/cm².

Satellite data will be used as guidance where to go

SAR, Alert environment, 22 April 2004

Advance Microwave Sensor Radiometer (AMSR)



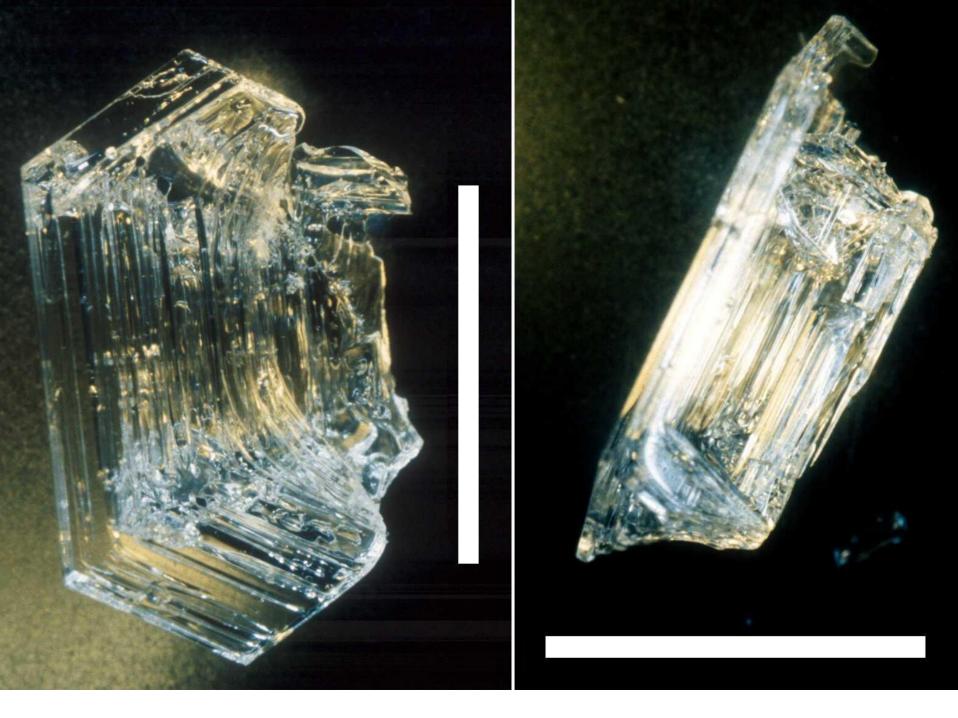
OASIS, HOW? ICE ISLAND ON THE FROZEN OCEAN

OTHER OPTION: ICE BREAKER FOR OVERWINTERING



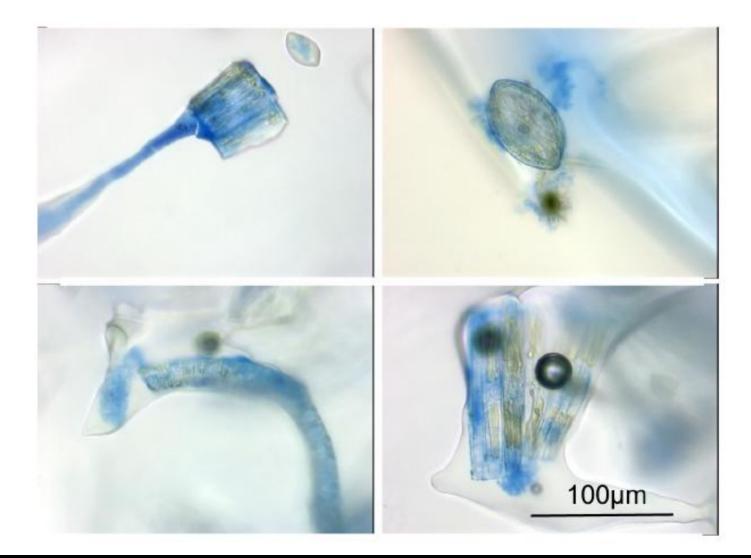
OASIS: MICROSCOPY OF SNOW





Microbial exopolymeric substances, a potential significant link between the Arctic ocean organic carbon budget and sea-ice physical processes.

Field observations in Barrow March 2002 at -10°C



OASIS REQUIRES NEW 3-D CHEMICAL TRANSPORT MODELS

boundary layer model (extreme stability) gas and aerosol chemical model snow layer model with OASIS specific physics and chemistry coupling between ice and underlying ocean chemical flux between OASIS

WHY IS THIS IMPORTANT?

CLIMATE CHANGE IS HAPPENING THE OASIS INTERFACE IS REACTIVE WE DON'T KNOW HOW THIS WORKS IMPLICATIONS ARE UNKNOWN WHAT IS ITS ROLE FOR RADIATIVE FORCING ? WHAT IS THE IMPACT FOR THE BIOSPHERE ? ???

OASIS IS AN OFFICIAL ACTIVITY OF TWO PROGRAMS OF THE IGBP:

IGAC (International Global Atmospheric Chemistry) SOLAS (Surface Ocean - Lower Atmosphere Study)

PROPOSED AS IPY ACTIVITY TO ICSU

OASIS is proposed as IPY activity by

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Welcome to the

Ocean-Atmosphere-Sea Ice-Snowpack

(OASIS)

Home Page

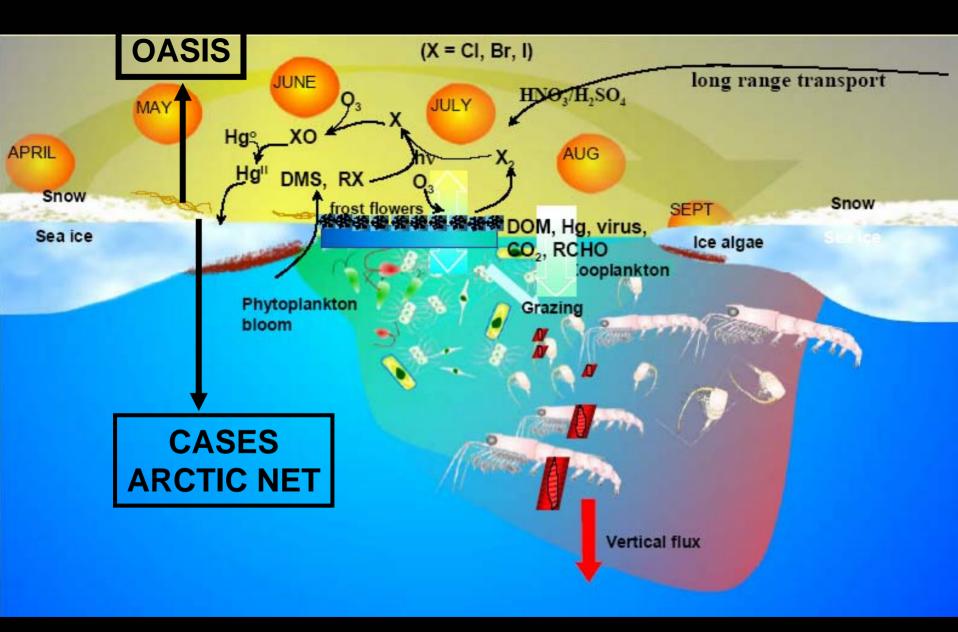
Please provide input to the OASIS Science Plan!!!

Send edits (to processing and the rdt) via Track Changes mode

in the downloadable Word File:

Science Plan 1

www.chem.purdue.edu/arctic/OASISHomePage.htm



OASIS IN THE CANADIAN CONTEXT

YEAR-TO-YEAR VARIATIONS OF SPRING TIME POLAR TROPOSPHERIC BrO AS SEEN BY GOME (in press, 2004)

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BrO VCD>5.5 10¹³ molec/cm² in Northern Hemisphere

